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PARIS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1981

100,000 In Poland **End Strike**

Solidarity Gains Over Militants

By Brian Mooney

WARSAW — More than 100,000 striking workers in south-ern Poland returned to work Monday following an appeal from Soli-darity union leader Lech Walesa, News that the strikers had

agreed to return to work came amid signs that Solidarity was beginning to bring its militant branches under control. The independent union, which has been un-der pressure to end a wave of stop-pages. announced that other strikes were being settled or that progress was being made in ending

The breakthrough on several fronts followed more than three weeks of serious industrial unrest and appeals by both union leaders and the Sejm (parliament).

A communique from local strike headquarters in the southern industrial region of Tarnobrzeg said that the 100,000 workers who re-sponded to Mr. Walesa's appeal called off their 10-day stoppage pending government-union talks.

"It seems that this present difficult situation is nearing an end." union spokesman Marek Brunne declared at Solidarity's headquarters in Gdansk. He said that the union expected a general strike in the western region of Zielona Gora to end Tuesday and that there were good prospects for a negotiated settlement on the outstanding issue of strike pay in the city of Zyrardow, where 12,000 textile mill workers have been occupying their plants for 21 days.

Mr. Brunne said that the union's 107-member national commission, due to meet in Gdansk on Tuesday, would consider some form of strike limitation on its members as a priority.

The spokesman predicted a tough light in the commission meeting over the issue of limiting the right to strike, which workers won in the summer of last year. He confirmed that Mr. Walesa had inthe union leadership if no restrictions were approved.

"There are strong indications from almost all regions that there is a need to put some limits on strikes because we are fast reaching a situation which neither the government nor the union can con-trol," Mr. Brunne said.

Council on Economy

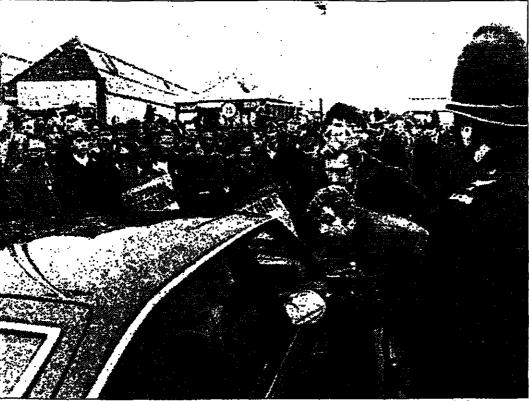
He added that the government had contacted the union Monday to suggest opening talks on Soli-darity's proposals for the establishment of a social council on the

Mr. Brunne said the union's 107-member national commission would probably raise the case of Solidarity's Szczecin chief. Marian Jurczyk, who is under investigation after he was alleged to have slandered the state and Communist sys-

Mr. Jurczyk sent a letter to parhament on Monday saying that he had been misquoted.

Mr. Brunne said there were already three published versions of the speech in which Mr. Jurzeyk was said to have called the Communists traitors and Moscow agents and demanded the use of the gallows. "There have been difand in a Warsaw newspaper," Mr. 1-150

INFER SC



Strikers at the BL factory at Cowley, near London, try to discourage colleagues from entering the plant. Shop stewards have rejected a compromise in the crucial auto industry walkout.

Shop Stewards Reject Compromise To End Strike by BL Employees

From Agency Dispatches
LONDON --- BL Ltd. shop stewards on Monday rejected a com-promise deal to end the two-day strike by 58,000 production employees of the state-funded automaker and will recommend that workers continue the stoppage. The police reported two pickets were arrested. A policeman and a

picket were injured in a fight out-side BL's big Cowley plant west of

Angry workers earlier invaded the meeting of shop stewards to press rejection of the formula and scuffles broke out with the police on the picket lines outside the company's plants.

Union representatives claimed 100-percent backing for the stoppage that idled production at all but these of the 29 BL factories. The three nonstriking plants are

scheduled for closure. Although the strike could have a economy, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has refused to inter-

vene even if the BL management

decides to close the giant, moneylosing firm.

The peace formula is to be put to the men at meetings Tuesday but a union negotiator said the so-called new offer from the management is nothing of the kind." "All the men here are deter-mined to reject it," said Ron Newcombe, shop steward of the transport workers union at the Jaguar assembly plant in Coventry.

Sir John Boyd, head of the engineers union, has recommended acceptance of the package which extended guaranteed weekly mini-num bonus payments of £3.75 (about \$6.80) to sick pay, layoff pay and vacation pay but made no improvement to the basic offer of a 3.8-percent increase, worth on average between £3 and £4 a week.

Jobs at Stake

Workers at the company, which once was known as British Leyand makes Jaguar, Land Rover, Rover, Morris, Austin, Triumph and Metro cars, have demanded £20 a week. The company

has threatened to close the auto-making division and fire the workers if the strike continues.

The unions have estimated that 750,000 jobs in BL and its suppliers will be lost if the firm closes. The company puts the figure at £450 million since 1975.

Union officials described the mood of the strikers as "deter-mined and tough." Hundreds chanted "reject." Shop stewards had to run a noisy gauntlet in Birmingham for a meeting to consider

Pickets blocked all 25 gates at BL's biggest plant at Longbridge outside Birmingham in the Midlands. Longbridge union organizer Jack Adams declared: "Not one production worker has gone in here this morning. The lads are clearly demonstrating what they think of the company's latest of-

Robert Fryer, senior shop sieward of the Transport and General Workers' Union at the Cowley plant, said the membership there "totally rejects" the BL offer.

Begin Urges All Israeli Parties To Unite in Fighting Saudi Plan

JERUSALEM — Prime Minister Menachem Begin urged political opponents Monday to unite with him to block U.S. support for Sau-di Arabia's Middle East peace plan, which he has rejected along with a European initiative.

This is 'no' to the Saudi plan, 'no' to the European initiative and 'yes' to Camp David," Mr. Begin said.

The prime minister said he was disturbed by the favorable attention the eight-point Saudi plan has received in the United States and Europe. He termed the plan a "liq-".aluarol aouabiu

"Therefore we announce today simply: These eight points cannot serve as any basis for any discussion whatsoever. They are rejected from start to finish." Mr. Begin said. "There is no party in the world with whom we will be ready to conduct discussions on a plan designed to liquidate Israel. The Camp David agreements are the only ones that commit us."

In Washington, a senior admin-istration official reaffirmed U.S. support for the Camp David pro-

Asked what the administration intended to do about Mr. Begin's complaint to President Reagan about the Saudi plan, the official

"The United States supports the Camp David process. That has been stated and restated. It is our position. Note was taken of the Saudi eight-point plan but no additional judgments were made about it. We think the Israelis will come to realize shortly that we support Camp David."

The spokesman was then asked why Mr. Reagan spoke warmly last week of the Saudi plan. Mr. Reagan had said of the Saudi formula, "the most significant part is the fact that they recognized Israel as a nation to be negotiated with."

The senior official said Monday: 'I wouldn't read any special signif-

icance in that. The president indi-cated there was an initiative where none existed before and the plan implicitly or explicitly recognized the rights of all states in the region to exist. The president did not de-viate nor intend to deviate from U.S. adherence to the Camp David the Middle East."

Mr. Begin has urged the United States to repudiate the Saudi proDavid peace process that calls for limited autonomy for Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The prime minister also com-plained that "grating tones" were used against the Americans who opposed the \$8.5-billion arms deal that will send advanced radar surveillance planes and other equip-ment to Saudi Arabia. Mr. Begin said he hoped that

"those grating tones will cease and the friendship and alliance be-tween American and Israel will be carried forth in deed as well as in word and that the promises given by the president of the United States ... be fulfilled."

He proposed formation of an all-party delegation from the Israeparliament to travel to the United States and other countries to present Israel's case.

Shimon Peres, leader of the op-position Labor Party, said he would consider the proposal for an all-party mission.

The European initiative as out-

lined in the Venice Declaration of 1980 called for Israel to negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Or-

Mr. Begin said of Lord Carring-ton, the British foreign secretary. who is current chairman of the Enropean Common Market council of foreign ministers:

"He can run back and forth between Arab countries but we have no use for this plan. Lord Carring-ton would do better to spend his energies on a better and more just

Signs of U.S. support for the Saudi plan proposed in August have raised alarm in Israel.

The proposals call for evacuation of land captured by Israel in 1967, including Jerusalem, the dismantling of Jewish settlements on Arab land and creation of a Palestinian state — actions all hitterly tinian state — actions all bitterly resisted by Israel.

"This is not a possible basis for negotiation," Mr. Begin said. "We reject the Saudi plan from point one to point eight."

Mr. Begin reiterated that the only path of negotiation accept-

able to Israel was contained in the guidelines of the 1978 Camp Da-vid accords that Israel signed with Egypt and the United States.

Mr. Begin criticized the Saudi

plan line by line. He scoffed at the (Continued on Page 2, Col. 8)

Swedish officials said two Soviet

diplomats were permitted to at-

tend the interview. Cmdr. Gushin had refused to leave his command

until ordered to do so by his supe-

ference that he was satisfied with

the way the inquiry was proceed

ing. "I am positively surprised at the speed of the Soviets' expres-

sion of regret," he said. "We are

not negotiating with the govern-

ment of the Soviet Union. It is we who have set the conditions. These

The Swedish government had

said the sub was specially modified

for intelligence missions. Authori-

ties had refused to refloat the sub

until they received a satisfactory explanation of the incident, saying apologies alone would not be suffi-

cient. It discounted the Soviet

skipper's claim that the intrusion

was an accident, saying it took highly skilled maneuvering

through tricky waters to get the

sub into the area where it went

nautical charts and duty lists.

The decision to refloat the sub-

made an emergency call. He re-portedly told Karlskrona naval

headquarters that the sub was in

danger of breaking up because of

Swedish officials said the sub-

marine signaled for aid on interna-

tional frequencies while Cmdr. Gushin was being interrogated aboard the Swedish torpedo boat

outside the military zone where the

vessel ran aground. Witnesses said

the high winds and rough seas had

ulted the submarine sharply onto

its port side,

granted immunity.

aground.

have now been fulfilled."

and from his submarine.

ROYAL VISITOR — Jordan's King Hussein and President Reagan during a ceremony at the White House. Story, Page 2.

EEC Re-enters Mideast With Sinai Force Aid

By Joseph Fitchett tional Herald Tribune

PARIS - The plan of four European governments to join the Sinai peace force has plunged the Com-mon Market back into international controversy over the Middle

Absent for months from the quest for an Arab-Israeli settlement, the European Economic Community has practically reached an agreement on a diplo matic formula supporting the decision by Britain, France, Italy and the Netherlands to fulfill a Sinai peacekeeping role between Egypt and Israel.

Lord Carrington, Britain's for-eign secretary, announced Monday that the four countries have agreed in principle to contribute troops to the 2,500-man Sinai force.

Europe's re-entry into the Middle East peace process was triggered by the assassination of Sadat — a development that European leaders feared could jeopardize the final stage of the Israel-Egypt peace, according to policymakers in London and Paris.

riors. The commander has given By announcing their intention to participate in the Sinai peace full immunity and safe conduct to force, European governments hope Swedish military officials said to assure that Israel withdraws, as they would not issue a report on planned, from the last sector of octhe interrogation until Tuesday. cupied Egyptian territory in April of next year, the sources said. Mr. Ullsten said at a news con-

Accords Too Narrow

Although critical of the Camp David accords between Egypt and Israel as too narrow, many European leaders are concerned that even this limited agreement might founder. "If this accord goes awry, t could destroy the psychological foundation for a negotiated Arab-Israeli settlement for years," a high French official said.

But the European bid to make a commitment on the ground in Sinai has created political problems within the European Community, in the Middle East and between the superpowers.

To surmount them, European diplomats said, the four-nation Sinai role will be presented as a step beyond the Camp David accords and toward a wider Middle

Gen. Lennart Ljung, Sweden's commander-in-chief, said that Soviet officials had agreed to let Swedish officers inspect the sub-INSIDE marine's navigational equipment,

A communiqué from the For-Hope for Namibia eign Ministry said Ambassador Jakovlev and Mr. Ullsten had The slow and wayward diploagreed that the questioning would matic effort to bring South take place on a Swedish ship out-West Africa (Namibia) to inside the military protection zone. dependence looks less mori-The communique said those aboard the submarine would be bund than it has in two and a half years. An analysis, Page 2.

marine without waiting for the U.S. Tax Outlook talks to end was said to have come after its assistant commander

Top U.S. tax officials are in agreement that any tax increases to help cut future budget deficits should be put off until 1983 and 1984. Page 4.

Venice in Winter

Muriel Spark writes about everyone's favorite city in her favorite season: Venice in "late autumn and winter, the Venice of meager tourism, the Venetians' everyday city." Arts/Leisure, Page 5.

cause of objections, mainly from Greece, which has just recognized

East settlement that would include

the Palestinians - enabling the

European Community to support it as an extension of the Venice

Declaration last year on a Middle

East initiative.
But drafting the communique

encountered lass-minute delays be-

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the Palestine Liberation Organization, is nervous about Arab reactions, diplomats said.

Greek worries, they said, were

being resolved, but not in time for an announcement before Lord Carrington -- currently representing the Common Market — was due to leave for Saudi Arabia.

In the name of the Common Market, he will discuss the Middle East peace proposal advanced by Crown Prince Fahd, It has aroused Arab diplomatic interest - and Israeli objections - as a new negotiting framework.

Fahd indicated last Wednesday that the plan would be adopted by the Gulf Cooperation Council next week and submitted to the Arab summit meeting in Morocco later this month. The prince said in an interview that recent U.S. comments on the plan were "encourag-

ing."
Lord Carrington, diplomats said, will convey European interest in "90 percent" of the Fahd plan and objections to other points in it. Particularly troublesome, they said is Saudi Arabia's call for Jerusalem to be the capital of any future Palestinian state. Another difficulty is the Saudi suggestion for a United Nations mandate lasting "several months" over Arab territory relinquished by Israel deemed unrealistically short by

Lord Carrington will also justify the European role in the Sinai force. The European intention is to ensure that the Camp David accords are completed, at least in part, and then become a step on which to build a broader settle-ment, a British diplomat said in

London. Saudi Arabian sympathy would blunt criticism that has come from radical Arab states, notably Syria. While European participation in

the Sinai force is also intended to prove European reliability and mollify Israel, the overall European approach has triggered a blast of Israeli condemnation. Israeli officials focused on the

favorable European response to the Saudi plan. Although it does not mention the PLO, Prince Fahd said Monday that no peace can be reached without recognition of the PLO as the "sole" representative of the Palestinians.
The PLO, whose attitude will in-

fluence Arab views of the Fahd plan, is split over the plan, PLO chairman Yasser Arafai will visit to Saudi Arabia this week. Europe's new involvement in the

region has been criticized by the Soviet Union, where the official media branded the Sinai force as NATO entry into the region via the back door."

European diplomats said that the Common Market sought to prevent further radicalization of the Arab world and, thereby, bar any revival of Soviet influence.



Swedish official indicates on a map where the Soviet submarine was pulled from mud.

Pressures in Poland Build for Investigations of Corruption

Official Misbehavior and Inaction Are Said to Go to the Heart of the Country's Crisis

By Dan Fisher

Lus Angeles Times Service WARSAW --- They've been called the "gang that stole Poland," and the man known as "Macie; the First, Sile-sian," was just one of the group's more visible members.

Muciei Szczepanski was head of the Polish State Committee for Radio and Television, and a crony of former party leader Edward Gierek from their days as officials in Silesia. Before his dismissal last year, Mr. Szczepanski lived in "monarchical style," according to the newspaper Law and Life.

Uniformed guards at the entrance to Mr. Szczepanski's office building were expected to snap to attention and sa-lute as he passed by. He allegedly had many residences, including one with an indoor pool and four prostitutes in attendance, and a fleet of 18 cars.

Pernographic Films

He is accused of diverting state money to companies he secretly owned in Liechtenstein and Britain, and of using other public (unds to import about 900 pornographic films,

which he loaned out to high-ranking comrades.

A few days ago Mr Seczepanski was indicted on charges of embezziethen) and bribe-taking, among other things — more than a year after the basic details of the case leaked

out and he was fired. The indictment is just the tip of an iceberg of investigations into corruption here. At last count, 91 former officials had been indicted and prosecutors were investigating charges against 236 others. Most are accused of diverting public funds and bribe-taking.

Communist Party members and nonparty people alike are

clamoring for further action, convinced that wrongdoing on the part of many others is being covered up. The Solidarity union movement has warned that it will convene a Langaroo court to hear evidence against corrupt officials if official steps are not taken. Even the Polish Democratic Party, an ostensibly independent political group of intellectuals that has in fact been dominated by the Communist Party, called recently for formation of a state tribu-

nal to hear cases against officeholders going back to 1976.

After a torrent of rank-and-file complaints, the policysetting Central Committee added the so-called "bringing-toaccount" issue to the agenda at its meeting last weekend.

And it adopted a tough resolution demanding for the first time that officials guilty of abusing their offices for personal gain face criminal as well as party sanctions. The committee called for the completion of all corruption investigations by

the end of the year. The issue goes to the heart of the Polish crisis. Every new disclosure of official misbehavior further crodes the credibility of authorites, and official inaction serves as a lightning rod to focus popular anger.

Bringing people such as Mr. Szczepanski to trial suggests that there will be disclosures concerning others - some of whom are still in power. A co-defendant in the Szczepanski case, for example, is "especially eager to talk," according to Law and Life, which went on to say:

Among other things, the newspaper said, Mr. Szczepanski gave gifts valued at 150,000 zlotys (about \$4,600) to Mr. Gierek on his 65th birthday. The sum is equal to about two years' salary for the typical Pole.

Access to Funds

Also, according to Law and Life, Mr. Szczepanski paid Andrzej Jaroszewicz, son of a former Polish premier under Mr. Gierek, 176,000 złotys as "chief specialist outside the office" of a nonexistent "information-political department" of the state radio and television committee.

A long list of others stand to be embarrassed or worse. the newspaper said. Mr. Szczepanski would be the highest official so far to face criminal charges. That distinction had been held by Kazimirez Tyranski, former director-general of

an import-export operation here, who was sentenced to 15 years in a multimillion-dollar bribery case.

Officials in Socialist countries are said to have more opportunity to steal than their counterparts in capitalist countries. Typically, Communist Party members have a virtual monopoly on positions of power, giving them access to pubhe funds and little if any public accountability. "After what had seemed the somewhat 'ascetic' years of

the [Władysław] Gomulka leadership [1956-1970], party discipline was relaxed, and under Gierek the party bosses began to include their whims more freely than ever," wrote a Radio Free Europe analyst. Anna Sabbat. By late 1979, the Polish authorities were trying to defuse

public criticism by vowing to punish offenders, but until the emergence of Solidarity, in the summer of 1980, little was done. The union made an official accounting one of its first demands, and several people were later removed from the A Polithuro committee was formed to look into corrup-

tion earlier this year. Its report resulted in the expulsion from the party of Mr. Gierek and others last July, but no criminal charges have been brought and the committee has been criticized for trying to paper over the problem. A party report on homes owned by former officials was censored and could not be printed in any official newspa-

According to a version published by the underground press, however, Mr. Gierek owned a 21-million-zloty villa in latowice that had been paid for by the state.

The pace of the accounting on corruption is expected to pick up now that the party Central Committee and Solidar-ity have set a year-end deadline for action. An important clue as to whether there has been a real change of heart in the party will be whether the Szczepanski trial is open to the public. No date for the trial has been published but it is expected to start before the end of the month,

Soviet Sub Is Towed; Captain Is Questioned cow's decision to permit the com-mander, Pyotr Gushin, 35, to re-spond to questions by Swedish Navy officials.

From Agency Dispatches
STOCKHOLM — The commander of a Soviet submarine that went aground last week near a Swedish naval base left his boat Monday for questioning by Swed-ish officials about what the Soviet vessel was doing in restricted wa-

ters near a Swedish naval base. While the questioning was under way on a Swedish torpedo boat. Swedish rugs pulled the submarine from the mud where it had been stranded since last Tuesday and towed it to a safe area, a defense staff spokesman said Monday.

Near gale-force winds have arisen in the area where the sub had been grounded, and the spokeman said it had been pulled out of the mud for safety reasons. "The submarine is clear of the rocks and the mud where it has been stuck, and it is floating," the spokesman said. The Soviet ambassador to Swe-

den, Mikhail Jakoviev, called on Foreign Minister Ola Ullsten Sunday night and told him of Mos-

Europe's Generation Gap — Currents and Contradictions

New York Times Service BONN — It was impossible to talk about youth in general terms, the professor insisted, because there were too many currents, too many contradictions. He tried anyway. When he finished, what little youth there was at the seminar in Essen on young people's problems said they barely understood what he had in mind.

The analysis was not theirs and neither was the mood: place cards and a luncheon menu that announced the wines would be an Ayler Kupp Riesling demi-sec, and a Valckenberg Falkenkrone, both 1979. The Frankfurter Rundschau reported that Joachim Muller, 20, looked around, sniffed the scene and said. "The whole thing makes about as much sense as a board meeting of Daimler Benz at a hotdog stand in a rail-

The generation gap lives in Europe, reinforced by every foundation, seminar poll-taker and newspaper story. From their accounts — and a late summer and fall of state. Some 55 percent of a group every variety of demonstration — between 17 and 23 considered that

Reuters
HAMBURG — A potentially

divisive row about opposition strategy loomed at the biggest party conference to be held by West Germany's Christian Democratic

Party.
The four-day conference, which opened Monday with sessions of the party presidium and national

executive, coincides with a surge in

CDU fortunes after the worst de-

feat in party history in federal elec-

tions just over a year ago.
The CDU, allied at national level with Bavaria's Christian So-

cial Union, has since captured West Berlin and made major gains

in local council elections. In a re-

cent opinion poll it was credited with 51 percent of public support.

By Joseph Lelyveld

New York Times Service

WINDHOEK, South-West Afri-

ca - Although it remains easy to

come up with reasons for pessi-mism about a settlement in South-

West Africa (Namibia), the excru-

ciatingly slow and wayward diplo-

matic effort to bring this vast terri-

tory to independence looked less moribund this week than at any

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other time in the last two and a

half years. It was even possible to

speak of a climate of faint hope.
The Western diplomatic mission

left Windhoek in its U.S. Air Force

jet without a definite response

from South Africa or the political

parties here to the constitutional

guidelines it presented during the

week. But it seemed unlikely that

any of the key parties to the dis-

pute over South Africa's continued

occupation of a territory it once

held on a League of Nations man-

date is prepared to see negotia-

tions break down over constitu-

only game in town," said a senior

American diplomat in the five-na-

tion mission. His point seemed to

be that rejection of the constitu-

tional principles would mean scut-

tling the chance for a negotiated

settlement - or in the case of the

smaller political parties, of being

The constitutional principles

IMPORTED

Vanadian Ch.
Canadian Obisky

left out if it does move ahead.

"People realize that this is the

tional questions.

But despite the recovery, the in the left-liberal coalition of CDU chairman, Helmut Kohi, was Chancellor Helmut Schmidt,

Namibia Peace Plan:

A Faint Ray of Hope

it would be easy to assume that "regrettably, violence must be used nistic and dissatisfied

NEWS ANALYSIS contradicted by another poll or

Take the no-war, no-nukes, nodefense demonstrations recently. There were particularly thick crowds in Britain, where ban-thebombing has been a traditional preoccupation of youth. A deep commutment to peace? Well, in a unemployed young people and found that 42 percent thought violence is sometimes justified to bring about political change. It was a jump by a quarter in two

in a study by the Social Affairs Ministry in North-Rhine West-phalia, West Germany's largest

conference to make less of the

need for continuity and to steer

the CDU closer to the middle ground of West German politics.

CDU critics of Mr. Kohl's lead-

ership were given wide publicity in

the press over the weekend, with commentators agreeing that the party faced "a conference of con-

Outspoken criticism came from

Lothar Spaeth, CDU premier in the state of Baden-Wurttemberg.

who demanded more vigorous leadership and urged the CDU to

put its policies across more effec-

He told a radio interviewer that

most West Germans had lost faith

in the left-liberal coalition of

of powers and ratification of the

constitution by two-thirds of a

constitutent assembly elected on a

An indication of the prospects

for the revived Western initiative will be the speed with which South

Africa and the parties here offer

responses to the constitutional

guidelines, which would then be

put in final form and possibly em-bodied in a Security Council reso-lution. This assumes that the insur-

gent South-West Africa People's

Organization (SWAPO) also

hope to have the formal commit

ments and the final draft in hand

by the end of the year. If South

and more talks, that timetable will

be impossible to keep and the widespread suspicions that the

government of Prime Minister P.W. Botha has been playing for

Early indications were mixed.

Dirk Mudge, the white leader of

the multiracial Democratic

Turnhalle Alliance, seemed to be

slowing things down by demand- an election

ing guarantees that the constitu-tional principles would be

forced. He almost seemed to be

saying he could not imagine an in-dependent Namibia unless the

West or some other authority re-

placed South Africa in the colonial

sign that South Africa was pre-

On the other hand, there was a

time will be reinforced.

The Western nations say they

agrees to go along.

one-man, one-vote basis.

Christian Democrats Open Hamburg Meeting

under pressure at the start of the whose Social Democrats are given

European youth is terribly politi- to draw attention to justified demands."

The marching this fall has triggered the idea that the generation of 1981 are the true younger and deeply committed to non-brothers and sisters of 1968. But in violence. But every assumption is Italy, the modish word to describe the current mood is riflusso, or backlash — which means serious studying, a depassionalization of politics and consideration for mamma. Above all, the polls show, 18-year-olds believe in family ties and abhor promiscuity. A compos-ite of French youth made up by a leftist magazine showed that if way. A poll commissioned by The young people considered getting Sunday Times of London last involved in anything, only 4 permonth looked into the attitudes of cent would pick a political party, while 48 percent would choose a

group protecting nature. The pattern was not that much different in West Germany. About 35 percent of the Westphalian poll group was involved in organized sports and recreation, but only 2 percent in a political party or youth organization. Carried along with this was a suggestion of con-tempt for the political establish-

only 31 percent support by the polisters.

But voters still do not believe the CDU could master the coun-

try's economic problems, he said.

Mr. Spacth was echoed by the leader of the CDU youth wing, Matthias Wissmann, who accused the party leadership of resting on

its laurels after recent poll results.

Few Fireworks

In a new experiment for the CDU, whose last conference in

March produced few fireworks,

500 young people of varying politi-cal views have been invited to join

forum discussions with the party

A keynote resolution, drafted by

Tuesday to canvass the reactions

that agreement on the constitu-

tional questions will leave a

treacherous swamp of diplomatic

among these is the issue of whether

impartially supervising a Namibi-

South Africa and the parties here complain that the General

Assembly has formally recognized

the insurgent movement as the

"sole and authentic representative" of the territory's people and that it gives financial aid to sup-

port the movement's nonmilitary

What is not stressed by South

.

activities.

Lighter than Scotch, smoother

The smooth and distinctive taste of

Canadian Club is appreciated all over

the world. Enjoy Canadian Club, neat,

on the rocks or mixed to your taste.

Canadian Club: Since 1858.

Canadian Club.

than Bourbon.

issues still to be crossed. Chief

the United Nations is capable of

All five nations acknowledge

of the local parties.

Chester Crocker, U.S. assistant secretary of state for African

Affairs, jokes with Zimbahwe Prime Minister Robert Mugabe.

pared to move briskly when it was Africa is that the UN supervisors

disclosed that Foreign Minister R. would watch an election that

F. Botha would be coming here would actually be administered by

were not interested in what people think, only in getting votes. Further contradictions appear in

Sweden, which still seems to be three or four years ahead of the sociological curve in the rest of Europe. The dominant force in campus politics is the Moderate Party, country's most conservative mainstream political group. When the rest of Europe seemed to be out demonstrating against nuclear plants two weekends ago, fewer than 5,000 were on the streets in Stockholm, a city that 10 years ago could be described as a permanent anti-Vietnam march

As for pessimism about the world, 69 percent of the group of unemployed youth in Britain described themselves as happy or fairly happy. In West Germany, a majority of the under-23's said

513 Detained in Malaysia

The Associated Press
KUALA LUMPUR --- Malaysia is holding 513 people in prison without trial under the govern-ment's internal security act, Deputy Prime Minister Musa Hitam

sympathetically to fears expressed by supporters of West Germany's nuclear peace movement. Although it renews party back-ing for NATO missile strategy and West Germany's alliance with the United States, the resolution also appeals for more economic cooper-

ation with the Soviet bloc. Party sources said the aim was to reassure West Germans that the CDU would not curtail Bonn's drive for good relations with Eastern Europe if it came to power - a fear that apparently contributed to the CDU defeat in 1980.

Mr. Kohl would himself plead for "Ostpolitik" in a speech Tuesday, they said. But at the same time, he had misgivings about the way CDU liberals were trying to the CDU executive and urging a build bridges to the peace move-new start for the country, refers ment and the younger generation.

a bureaucracy that South Africa

controls and staffs, or that South Africa itself has been lavish in its

support of the Democratic

Turnhalle Alliance. The so-called

issue of impartiality thus reduces

itself to the question of how the intense suspicions and maneuver-

ing for advantage on all sides can

be balanced out without giving any

party an obvious edge in an elec-

tion.
That problem is big enough, but

it still leaves the question of South Africa's ultimate objectives in the

negotiations. Questioned on this

point, the American official who

met reporters here offered a care-fully circumscribed reply. "We are making a good-faith effort to ad-

dress legitimate South African concerns," he said. "For that to work we need reciprocity and good faith. So far we have every indica-

tion that there is that reciprocity."

not inclined to speculate about the questions that preoccupy those who watch the negotiations from

the sidelines: Does South Africa

really want to give up what some

of its generals regard as a strategic

position in central Africa? Above all, is Mr. Botha politically secure

enough within the dominant Na-tional Party to withstand the white

backlash that could be expected to follow a negotiated settlement?

Political Climate

A possible clue came several

days ago when the government made a decision on an issue that was unrelated to Namibia but was

heavily affected by the political cli-mate in which the prime minister

will finally make his decision on

the territory.

Mr. Botha's Cabinet was con-

fronted with a formal proposal, in-directly instigated by itself, that it

make a gesture to South Africa's

Indian community by reversing a

decision made years ago by which

a Johannesburg Indian neighbor-hood, called Pageview, was pro-claimed to be "white." Apparently

to avoid a light with the right wing

of his party, Mr. Botha finally said

no. The analogy is imperfect, but

that decision suggested a question about Namibia: Would a white

government that shrinks from

turning over a small neighborhood

to middle-class nonwhites run the

risk of turning over a whole coun-

try to black nationalists it has sup-

pressed and fought for years?
Those who expect that the an-

swer might be yes argue that South

Africa hopes for large rewards

from the Reagan administration, such as an end to the embargo on

shipments of enriched uranium, or

even a resumption of military co-

operation in some form. On the

question of the quid pro quo, the

American diplomat was especially

cryptic. "It is our strong convic-tion," he said, "that success in this

field would have broader implica-

tions in terms of our mutual inter-

ests with South Africa."

The American obviously was

they were optimistic. In France, a majority believes there will be no world war in their lifetime. If anything unites French, German, and British youth, it is con-

cern about getting a job. In France, more than 90 percent of girls leaving school want to work, but 82 percent believe they will be unemployed. In Britain, most young people think unemployment caused the summer riots, and they have no confidence that conditions will improve. When West Germans of all ages were asked to characterize the situation of today's youth with a single phrase, the answer in 77 percent of the cases was: "They won't find it easy to get a good

If the poll results pass for objectivity, then the convinced tone of the subjective comments about young people are curious in their harshness. L'Express, a French news magazine, suggested it did not much like youth these days. They have lost "the taste of risk and adventure," it said. Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany has come very close to describing young people as immature and whiny. "By law, they've reached their majority," he commented, "but the fact is that the mature years" come much later. Youth lasts and lasts, he said, and there's never been a generation so "in-formed, disinformed and de-formed" by the mass media, he

Willy Pieczyk, the 33-year-old chairman of the Social Democratic Party's very far left-wing youth organization, did not want to call young people confused, but he did say values were changing. "You get kids without jobs coming in," he said, "and asking if they should feel guilty about it. Kids want to have satisfying activities, but values are moving and you can't al-ways define the satisfying activities

they have in mind as work."

The safest generality about European young people seems to be that they are cautious in their assessments, undecided about their passions and, like youth has always been, not especially troubled by their own contradictions.

U.S. Reveals Saudi Talks On Defense

Reported Agreement Denied by Pentagon

By Scott Armstrong Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The Pentagon acknowledged Monday that U.S. officials have held discussions with Saudi Arabian officials about an "integrated defense" for the Middle East that would include prepositioning U.S. combat equipment in the region and that there is an understanding in which Saudi Arabia would let U.S. forces use Saudi facilities to defend the Gulf

egion from attack. Defense Department spokesman Benjamin Welles said Monday that a Washington Post story Sunday was "foolish" because it implies that such an understanding had been slipped through without

consultation with Congress.
"The imputation that the United States government, the administration, has been seeking to slip by Congress, without fully apprising Congress of what we are trying to do as long-range strategy for the Middle East based upon the use of Saudi facilities is in itself ludi-crous," Mr. Welles said at a Penta-

gon briefing.

He said, "Few transactions in modern U.S. history have been more visibly scrutinized by the Congress and the U.S. public than the AWACS sale."

The Pentagon acknowledgement substantially undercut the previous denials of Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger who had denied on Saturday "that the AWACS is the cornerstone of any

larger program."
Air Force Lt. Col John Garrison read a Pentagon Issue paper that said, "Saudi Arabia has taken the lead in the formation of the Gulf Cooperation Council," which included five other moderate Gulf states. "The AWACS in its ground environment system affords the ca-pability to link the air defense networks of these states into a unified

system. Col. Garrison said that "the situation is one that we are convinced, and we are convinced that the Saudis are convinced, that given certain contingencies that may occur in the Southwest Asia-Persian Gulf region, specifically in-cluding the Soviet Union, that lit-erally the only force that could meet the military requirements to deter and-or defend the region happens to be the forces of the

"In that situation, we are convinced that the Sandis, for their own national security interests, will be anxious to have us assist them. Clearly, that is our understanding of the situation."

Mr. Welles admitted that "five

or 10 years down the line, we would like to have an integrated air defense for the entire Middle East" but denied that there is yet any formal, written agreement. The Post article on Sunday said

that the sale of AWACS radar planes to Saudi Arabia is one small piece of a grand defense strategy that had never been part of a formal agreement, but was the product of an explicit oral understanding reached last February in Saudi Arabia between military staff officers. It included prepositioned U.S. combat equipment in Sandi Arabia and a Saudi-coordinated air defense network involving five other Arab states

Marine Col. Michael Sheridan, deputy director of contingency planning at the Pentagon, said the Saudi Arabians have not yet agreed to allow the United States to preposition combat equipment



CLEARING THE RUNWAY - Police in West Germany struggled with squatters during a morning raid Monday on a makeshift village of 300 to 500 persons who object to the construction of a third runway for the Frankfurt airport.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

IRA Vows to Extend Bombing in U.K.

United Press Interna DUBLIN - The IRA has vowed to extend its London bombing campaign, in which three persons have died, to other cities.

At the same time, the Provisional Sinn Fein (We Ourselves), the politi-

cal wing of the Irish Republican Army, pledged at its annual convention Sunday to enter candidates in elections in Britain and the Irish Republic. The president of Sinn Fein, Rory O'Brady, said the organization would adopt a positive attitude toward elections in the Irish Republic and the next general election in Britain. "We aim to move to the center of the political stage," he said.

Hua Reportedly Cited for '77 Blast

United Press International HONG KONG - One of Hna Guofeng's alleged big "mistakes" when he was chairman of the Chinese Communist Party concerned an explosion set off by a disgruntled sailor that sank a ship and killed 180 people, a magazine reported Monday.

The sailor had been unhappy over being disciplined for illegally living with his girlfriend while still married and blew himself up along with the 8,000-ton destroyer, the magazine Zheng Ming reported in its November

The magazine said the blast occurred on the night of March 5, 1977, at the South China port of Zhanjiang and killed 180 of the 300 men aboard the warship. Even though Mr. Hua had nothing to do with the tragedy, the explosion became part of the litany of charges against him, the report

Internment of Japanese Is Defended United Press International

WASHINGTON - The man who directed the internment of Japanese-Americans after Pearl Harbor testified Monday that the operation was undertaken in the "very real and present danger" of a Japanese invasion of the West Coast.

Karl Bendetsen also told a government commission that if the 120,000 Japanese-Americans had not been relocated and an attack had occurred,

their lives would have been in danger.

With Japanese-Americans making up most of the audience in the Senate caucus room, Mr. Bendetsen presented testimony to the Commission on Wartime Relocation and the Internment of Civilians, which is conducting an inquiry into the roundup of Americans of Japanese ancestry.

Maureen Reagan to Run for Senate

The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES — Ending a year of hints and speculation, Maureen Reagan, the president's elder daughter, said Monday she will seek the Republican nomination for the U.S. Senate in California. "Yes, I am going to be a candidate in 1982. I have to be in the public sector to do what I feel has to be done," she said on TV. She added that she had talked by telephone to her father during the weekend and he wished her "good luck."

The announcement makes Ms. Reagan the seventh GOP challenger to incumbent S.I. Hayakawa, who at 75 is seeking re-election despite pres-

sure from some party leaders to step aside for a younger, politically

Brezhnev to Extend His Bonn Visit

The Associated Press

BONN — Soviet President Leonid L Brezhnev's visit to West Germany, originally scheduled for November 23 and 24, will be extended by another two days, the West German government said Monday. The Russians requested the extension to gain more time for meetings

between Mr. Brezhnev and Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, a government spokesman said.

In an interview published by the Hamburg-based news magazine Der Spiegel Monday. Mr. Brezhnev said the Soviet Union looked forward to constructive arms negotiations with the United States in Geneva as well as friendly ties.

Musavi Presents Cabinet in Tehran

The Associated Press BEIRUT — Iran's new Premier Mir Hossein Musavi presented his Cabinet to parliament Monday for approval, the Pars news agency re-

The premier's Cabinet includes two new names - one for the Defense Ministry and the other for the Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare. The other 19 ministers served in Iran's last Cabinet under Premier Mohammed Reza Kani, who resigned. Mr. Musavi was approved by

parliament last week.

Mohammed Salimi, a civilian, is the proposed minister of defense to replace Col. Mussa Namjou, who died in a plane crash Sept. 29, and Ahmad Tavakoli is slated to replace Labor Minister Mohammed Sade-

Japan Opposes China Military Ties

PEKING — The former Japanese premier, Takeo Fukuda, said Monday that it would be "unthinkable" for Japan and China to enter a military relationship or bold formal defense consultations on Asian se-

"If security means military security, then it is unthinkable for Japan to have such a relationship with China. Please understand this," he said. The former premier, now a member of Japan's Diet, or parliament, said Japan and China are peaceful countries and as such "are always ready to discuss international peacekeeping in the broad sense. However, it is not Japan's official policy to enter formal military consultations on defense problems," he stated.

UN Team Begins Indochina Study , United Press Internationa

BANGKOK — United Nations investigators began a study Monday of allegations that Vietnamese troops used toxic chemicals against guerrilla forces in Indochina.

On arrival in Bangkok Saturday evening, a spokesman for the eight-member team said only that it was following a UN mandate from November, 1980, to investigate charges by refugees that the toxic chemical myotoxin had been used by the Vietnamese against Cambodian and

Both Vietnam and Cambodia attacked the investigation. In Hanoi, Vietnam's army newspaper strongly condemned Washington, Peking and Bangkok "for rehashing their fabricated story of Vietnam using chemical poisons in Cambodia." Cambodia's Vietnam-supported regime warned that its government "will not assume any responsibility" actions by the team on its territory unless sanctioned by Phnom Penh.

Reagan Meets With Hussein On Mideast U.S. Soulin

U.S. Seeking to Deter Arms Deal With Russia

By John M. Goshko

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — President Rengan met with King Hussein of Jordan on Monday for talks that U.S. officials hope will result in Jordan turning to the United States, rather than the Soviet Union, for a new infusion of air-defense weapons that could include surface-to-air missiles and jet fight.

Greeting Hussein in colorful ceremonies at the White House, Mr. Reagan praised the king as "a wise leader" and warned him of "hateful forces" that "seek to widen and exploit the divisions among the people of the Middle East."

With administration officials concerned about signs that the monarch may seek arms from the Soviet Union in order to meet a perceived threat from Syria Mr. Reagan said that "tension and conflict" in the Middle East "both reflect and increase the power and influence of such hateful forces. When focusing on the internal problems of the region, we must never lose sight of the role of external powers in aggravating those problems."

But Hussein, replying in the for-mal exchange of public statements, tirected his remarks to the issue of Palestinian rights. The issue has drawn renewed attention here after the assassination of Sadat, because Egyptian-Israeli-U.S. talks on Palestinian self-rule in the occupied

areas resume shortly.

The king said that during the last 25 years of U.S.-Jordanian relations, "I've been totally commit-ted toward the cause of the Arab

people ... "Justice must inevitab-ly, finally prevail." He added: "At this most turbulent and critical of times, I see in jeopardy not only Arab rights and legitimate interests, but a threat to the very Arab identity and the

rights of future Arab generations." While not referring to the Pales-tinian issue directly, Mr. Reagan declared that "America seeks peace with honor and security for all the states and peoples of the region - undoubtedly a similar goal to your own."

Enduring Character

And there should be no doubt "that the preservation of Jordan's security, integrity and its unique and enduring character remains a matter of highest importance," the president added.

Their first meeting, which lasted somewhat less than an hour, did ... not involve a discussion of wearons supply, a senior administration official said, adding that this would come later. The official said Mr. Reagan told the Jordanian ruler the United States remains committed to the Camp David peace process, into which the Unitpeace process, into which the United States has sought unsuccessfully to bring Hussein.

In an interview published Sun-day by The Washington Post, Mr. Reagan said he would like to arge the Jordanian monarch to join the Palestinian autonomy talks

Begin Seeks **United Front**

(Continued from Page 1) seventh point — which had aroused favorable U.S. attention - calling for all states in the re-

gion to live in peace.

Mr. Begin said this clause did not mention Israel and that Saudi Arabia did not regard Israel as a country at all, just "the Zionist er-

tity."

He quoted from a Saudi newspaper saying that "Israelis should be recognized only in their.

He reserved his bitterest attack for the proposal, saying that east. Jerusalem should be returned to Arab rule. "It would bring the, Knesset within eight miles (13 ki-lometers) of Arab artillery," Mr. Begin said. "The Arabs have far better weapons now than they had before 1967."

He declared: "Billions of petrol dollars will not help the Arabs on this issue. A united Jerusalem will. remain eternally under Israeli sovereignty."

The Israeli prime minister ap do [min] The Israeli prime minister pealed to Washington in a television interview Simday to reject without any equivocation what without any equivocation what for which primes foundined soever the eight points [outlined by] Crown Prince Fahd because they mean the opposite of peace."

In a letter sent Friday to Mr. Reagan, Mr. Begin said he disagreed with the U.S. position that the Saudi Arabians might be on the verge of recognizing Israel's right to exist as a state, according to an official who said he saw the letter_

The official, who asked not to be identified, said the letter was friendly but firm and indicated Israel's fear that Washington was drifting too close to Saudi Arabia after Mr. Reagan's victory in the U.S. Senate on the arms deal.

U.S. Manuals Linked To Torture Training United Press Intern

SAO PAULO — A former Uru-guayan Navy intelligence officer said American manuals were used to train Uruguay's military staff in

torture, including electric shock and hot-towel interrogations. Victor Paulo Laborde Baffico also said Sunday that most officers who trained him had attended courses at the School of the Americas run by the U.S. military in

Austerity, Discipline Make Mubarak's Style Distinct From Sadat's Thomas L. Friedman a trend that eventually came haunt Sadat. Mr. Mubarak has structed governors and all s that "achievement"

TO ME TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE TOTAL PRO

harak clearly intends to imprint his own management style on the Egyptian bureaucracy, which, if it takes hold, will mark a distinct departure from the Sadat era.

"You could see the contrast with Sadat immediately," remarked an Egyptian editor who has had close ties to both Anwar Sadat and Mubarak. "Sadat used to enjoy sleeping late, reading the newspaper in bed and taking a morning walk. He never wanted to see anyone before 11 a.m. On his first day as president, Hosni held three meetings, including one with his full Cabinet, that ended before 11."

A former air force commander, Mr. Mubarak is trying to impose some of his own military-style discipline on the Egyptian bureaucra-cy. Cabinet insiders say he has let his ministers know in no uncertain terms that he is not going to be some lofty guide to governm affairs. Rather, he has already begun to immerse himself in the de-tails of key issues, demanding to see technical reports on set dead-

623 Arrested

[Police probing the assassination of Sadat have arrested 623 Moslem extremists and identified a new leader of the plot, security sources said Monday in Cairo, Reuters re-

ported The sources said investigators had established that a young engineer, Mohammed Abdel Salam Faraq, was a key figure in the conspiracy. Mr. Faraq, now under in-terrogation, worked in Cairo and played a major role in an organization that hoped to throw Egypt into chaos after Sadat's death and set up an Islamic republic, the

[According to a high official, the organization called itself Al Jihad (Holy War) and was in contact with other groups of Moslem fanatics such as Takfir wa-Hijra (Repentance and Holy Flight). The official said Al Jihad had only nine members in the armed forces, including 1st Lt. Khaled Ahmed Shawky el-Islambouly, who commanded the group that shot Sadat on Oct. 6. Police reportedly are still looking for four prominent members of the group, all of them

In a meeting with the governors of Egypt's administrative provinces, Mr. Muharak informed the assembled officials that henceforth, he only wanted to hear from them in "dire emergencies." He has also indicated that the government will could easily puif all levers and find no longer try to raise expectations, that nothing happens."

By Pranay Gupte

New York Times Service CARTHAGE Tunisia - Presi-

dent Habib Bourguiba was told by

nides here Monday that his ruling party and its ally, a labor union, had swept virtually every consti-tuency in Sunday's multiparty elections for a new 136-scal Na-

tional Assembly.

The news did not seem to surprise the 80-year-old Mr. Bourguiba, who is Timisia's president-for-life. But even as his aides were

relaying the developments to him at his presidential palace, in the capital of Tunis opposition leaders

appeared incredulous that none of their candidates was likely to be

The Bourguiba government was accused Monday of fixing the elec-

The Peking Review said that

The statement by the magazine's

political editor followed talks in

Washington last week in which Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua apparently failed to resolve differences with the Reagan ad-

ministration over a U.S. proposal to sell advanced combat aircraft to

arms sales by any country to Taiwan would obstruct China's efforts to reunify the Nationalist-ruled island with the mainland.

1 210 V

Ruling Tunisia Party

officials that "achievement will precede publicity and not the other way around."

Sadat tended to run a loosely structured "kitchen cabinet" that included a knot of special advisers. some of whom wielded great pow-Sayed Marci and Osman. Ahmed Osman - two of the richest men in Egypt, both of whose sons married Sadat daughters - were considered the epitome of these special assistants who spoke in the name of the president but had little accountability.

A close colleague of Mr. Mu-barak's said that the new president had signaled Mr. Marei and Mr. Osman that their services will no longer be needed at the presiden-

Corruption and Favoritism

Mr. Mubarak has indicated his awareness of the discontent with Sadat's rule. While never blaming Sadat, he has voiced all of the basic grievances of the Egyptian peo-ple with the late president's admin-

He has used words that have not been uttered by ranking officials here in quite some time, acknowledging the "corruption" that is eating away at the state system, the nepotism" that has all but replaced merit as a criterion for advancement and the increasing "unproductivity" and "unresponsiveness" of the bureancratic structure.

In an apparent effort to under-line Mr. Mubarak's break with the past, the Egyptian radio has been told to cancel a documentary it was planning on the reign of Sa-dat. Political sources said the cancellation was believed to have been ordered on the principle that "the

king is dead, long live the king."
In a quieter fashion, Mr. Mubarak has also begun to address the issues of corruption and favor-itism. It has long been the custom in Egypt that when a new leader assumes power, individuals, corpo-rations, ministries and just about all collectives seeking to ingratiate themselves with the new ruler take out huge ads in the local press. Mr. Mubarak permitted this for a few days and then ordered a halt.

Whether Mr. Mubarak's differences in style will translate into differences in the substance of his administration will depend on the people he appoints to execute his commands. For the moment, Western diplomats say, the prospects are not good, for the talent pool in Egypt is very shallow. As one diplomat put it, "Mubarak

Said to Win All Sectors As part of an effort to liberalize the political system, President Bourguiba legalized all political groups except the Tunisian Com-munist Party when the assembly election was announced in April. The Communist Party was legalized in July after being banned

since January, 1963. Government officials said Monday that even if opposition groups failed to obtain a single seat in the assembly, the fact that the elections involved 361 candidates of different political opinions pointed to an increasing liberalization of the system

Diss Guiga, the Tunisian interi-or minister, was scheduled to hold a press conference Monday night announce the final results, but the event was postponed until Tuesday morning without explana-

tion and using strong-arm tactics to intimidate potential supporters of the three main opposition groups, the Tunisian Communist tion.

While officials of the ruling party were exultant Monday, their electoral allies, members of the Union Generale des Travailleurs Tunisiens, which is better known by its initials, UGTT, were relatively subdued. The secretary-general of the union, Tayeb Baccouche, had no official comment on the early results. He was on-Party, the Movement of Popular Unity and the Movement of Social Democrats, But in making these charges — which were denied by the ruling Parti Socialiste Des-tourien — Ahmed Mestiri, the head of the Social Democrats, also on the early results. He was op-posed to the alliance with the Des-tourism party on the grounds that it would curb the independence of expressed confidence that his group would obtain at least 5 percent of the national vote, which would qualify it to be legally rec-ognized as a political party. the labor organization.

The reaction of residents of Car-thage and Tunis also seemed sub-dued Monday. In cafes and restan-Chinese Signals rants, and in the scores of tea par-U.S. on Taiwan lors that dot the urban landscape, the general sentiment seemed to be that the ruling party could not but have won all seats. Hashmi Ali, a PEKING — China resolutely opstudent at the Tunis University, put it this way: "When you enjoy poses the sale of arms to Tarwan, an official magazine said Monday, in a clear signal to the United

THEFT AT THE RITZ IN PARIS

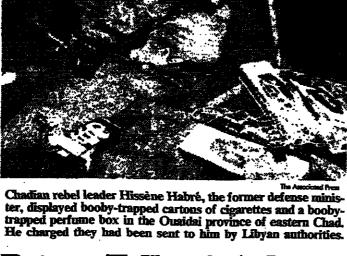
LARGE REWARD

to any person able to help find the jewels stolen

on October 7, 1981, at the Ritz Hotel in Paris.

Write to: Box D.1,843, International Herald Tribune, 92521 Neully Cadex, France.

power for so long, why would you want to give it up?" The new assembly will have broader legislative powers, but President Bourguiba is not expected to share his authoritarian executive powers with it. It was also Monday from conversations with Tunisian officials that the government expects some trouble from the country's volatile student population as a result of the elections. The reopening of the university and of schools in Tunis has been postponed until the end of the week.



French Summit Talks With Africans To Focus on Libyan Troops in Chad Led by France, Western govern- move now. He would be branded

al Heraid Tribune PARIS - A Western-supported African plan to get Libyan troops out of Chad moved ahead Monday after a tense weekend that was nife with rumors of a possible Libyanbacked coup attempt there.

Chad's president, Goukouni Ouedden, apparently confident of his position at home, was the first several African leaders arriving in Paris Monday for French-African summit talks. The summit talks, which are scheduled regularly, coincide with final negotiations for an inter-African peacekeeping force to replace Libyan troops in Chad before the end of the year.

France has led a complex diplomatic maneuver to negotiate a peaceful withdrawal of the Liyans from Chad, a former French colony. Libya intervened there last December to halt civil war. Rolling back the Libyans has been the most imperative diplomatic test in Africa for France's Socialist government since it came to power

For a while after the Libyans

dismissed him for this refusal, Mr.

Stubbs flew some transport missions on a DC-3 for Mr. Wilson

that disturbed Mr. Stubbs even

Stubbs to fly from Libya at night, to desert landing strips in Chad, traveling low to avoid radar and

without using navigational equip-

tination of these flights, he said,

but was guided by an American

"cowboy navigator who sat in the

right-hand seat saying 'go left,' 'go night,' 'up a bit round these mountains.' "The navigator, rely-

ing on his watch for timing, would

suddenly announce their destina-tion, Mr. Stubbs said.

Mr. Stubbs never knew the des-

These missions called for Mr.

ments have backed Mr. as an occupier in Africa, and it Goukount's public demand last would spoil his plans for a year of Thursday for a Libyan withdrawal from Chad by the end of the year.

To wean him from dependence on Libya, France has resumed economic and military aid for Mr. Goukonni. Simultaneously, his main rival, former Defense Minister Hissène Habré, leading a Sudan-based guerrilla movement, has seen his Western support wither.

In expectation of Mr. Goukouni's decision to reverse his Libyan alliance, the French gov-ernment has used its popularity with black African governments -France is Europe's most outspoken critic of South Africa — to mobilize African pressure on the Libyan leader, Col. Moamer Qadhafi, to leave Chad

It is still unclear whether Col. Qadhafi will order the nearly 8,500 Libyan troops to get out of Chad, as requested by Mr. Goukouni. But French officials Monday

voiced cautious optimism.
"It's too late for Qadhafi to

ous about what he was transport-

ing. "So before we hoisted off I pried a couple of crates open," he

Mr. Stubbs said he could not

identify the loyalties of the people

to whom he was delivering the

had to leave Libva.

said, "and there was small arms."

 State Department officials have expressed U.S. support for the current approach to the Chad problem based on the French idea of an inter-African force to supplant the Libyans.

who could reunite Chad.

(حکزامن المحل

would spoil his plans for a year of

African diplomacy based on Li-bya's presidency of the Organiza-

tion for African Unity," a French

official said at the Ministry of Co-

operation and Development,

which has been instrumental in

devising the current Western ap-

have encouraged French policy-

The most threatening opposi-

tion to Mr. Goukouni, the guerrilla

army of Mr. Habre, announced in

Sudan yesterday that it is

"suspending" military operations against the Chad government.
French officials have worked hard to convince Mr. Habre's backers

mainly the United States and

Egypt — that Mr. Habre could

only be a spoiler, never the man

Several recent developments

proach

makers:

Nigeria — a power in black Africa — has pledged troops for the force, as did Senegal, like Chad a former French colony. The French-African summit here is expected to produce enough additional troop pledges to constitute the force in time for the yearend

 Rumors of a Libyan-backed coup in Chad last weekend now are seen as a last-ditch operation of disinformation to forestall the smooth implementation of the African plan to oust Col. Qadhafi.

Mr. Stubbs said he decided he French news reports last week said that a Libyan column was ap-Shortly after his return to England in February, Mr. Stubbs took proaching the Chadian capital of Ndjamena, that Mr. Goukouni had disappeared and that French his story to the British and U.S. authorities, and Scotland Yard has aircraft and forces in neighboring provided him with some protec-African countries were on alert. For two days, officials in France Now Mr. Stubbs has left his home in a tiny village north of London and at 40 has turned his

— which has no diplomatic repre-sentation in Ndjamena — were unable to confirm or deny the reports, which later proved to be

Extremists in France's African intelligence services mounted the disinformation operation, the newspaper Le Monde reported Monday. The operation's apparent aim was to stampede the Paris government into a hasty reaction that would have provided a pretext for Libya to strengthen its grip on

France, which wants Libya out of Chad to reassure surrounding African states where there are major French economic interests, also wants to show that its new approach - in which military intervention is a last resort - can work.

The finest service often goes unnoticed. The answer lies not in responding to requests, but in anticipating

Souvent le meilleur service ne se remarque pas. En effet, il ne s'agit pas de satisfaire les demandes mais de les prévenir.

Die besten Dienstleistungen sind off die unauffälligsten. Es handelt sich darum, Wünschen nicht entgegen-, sondern zuvorzukommen.

Briton Tells of Aiding Libya War Effort in Chad By Jeff Gerth But Mr. Stubbs said his willing- Mr. Stubbs continued, "so that After a few missions into Chad. ness to aid the Libyan war effort New York Times Service was the end of that." Mr. Stubbs said, he became curihad its limits. In January, he re-

called, while on a night flight to a field in the Libyan desert, his Li-byan co-pilot told him that, after

refueling in the desert, they were to fly to a Libyan-controlled airfield in Ndjamena, Chad, 1,500 miles

south of Tripoli, the Libyan capi-

"The afternoon before this flight," Mr. Stubbs said, "I was talking to a Pakistani wing com-

mander who had been down the

night before at Ndjamena. He said

the bloody place is under fire, there are shell holes everyplace, the

"Well. I am not that bothered,

but no way was I going to fly into Ndjamena and be bombed out of

the sky on the ground, thank you,"

sary of Britain's Balfour Declara-

tion which supported the creation

The Israeli military command

of a Jewish homeland in Palestine.

said that Arab students in Nablus, the West Bank's largest city, put up roadblocks, set fire to rubber

Chad are shelling."

WASHINGTON - When John Anthony Stubbs, a British civilian pilot, signed on in London late last year to fly transport planes in the Libyan desert, he expected a com-fortable salary of \$48,000 a year and hardly any adventure.

He discovered, however, that the C-130 transport planes he was flying were the lifeline of the Libyan Air Force in Libya's war with neighboring Chad, carrying bombs and fuel as well as wounded sol-

After refusing to fly to a contest-

ed airfield in Chad, Mr. Stubbs was deported by the government of Libya. He was then discharged by his immediate employer, a ss-based company controlled by Edwin P. Wilson, a former U.S. intelligence agent who is now a fugitive living in Libya, and warned him not to divulge any-thing about his experiences in Li-

Mr. Stubbs worked in Libya just under three months, but he brought back many memories and a good deal of information of potential value to law enforcement and intelligence officials. Soon after his return to London, he told his story to a secret branch of Scotland Yard.

Two weeks ago, Mr. Stubbs said, Mr. Wilson telephoned him from Libya and warned him again to keep quiet. Nonetheless, he decided to come to the United States

to tell his story.

In doing so, he became the first person willing to be identified in providing a first-hand description of some of Mr. Wilson's recent ac-

Mr. Stubbs said he ignored Mr. Wilson's warnings because he was so angry that Mr. Wilson had not paid him more than \$6,000 a month that he said he was owed. It was the allure of \$4,000 a month, he said, that attracted him to Libya in the first place.

Mr. Stubbs said he began to grow disillusioned with Mr. Wilson when he found out that he was "getting a rakeoff" of \$15,000 a month for each pilot he supplied to the Libyan Air Force.

"We were logistically keeping the Russian MiG fighters airborne to keep the war front with Chad going," he said. "We were flying going," he said. "We were flying fuel, mainly, and bombs, and personally flew troops down and brought war-wounded back."

South African Post Raided United Press Internati

PRETORIA - Black nationalist guerrillas attacked a South African Army border outpost near Swaziland with rockets and grenades, wrecking the building but causing no injuries, a military spokesman said Monday.



AUTHORS WANTED By N.Y. Publisher

DI IV. I Comments stated both publisher seeks snaw-scripts of all types fiction, non-fiction poetry made urhelant and religious works, etc. New



Arabs Protest on Anniversary of Balfour Declaration tires and scrawled anti-Israeli slo-TEL AVIV - Palestinians demgans on walls. onstrated Monday on the occupied West Bank of the Jordan River in burnings reported in the cities of

Soldiers used tear gas to protests marking the 64th anniver-

disperse demonstrating students at Bir Zeit college near Ramallah. They were chased onto the college campus and prevented from leaving, an army spokesman said. At the Jalazoun refugee camp, south of Nablus, demonstrators hurled stones at military police, the spokesman said.

The demonstrations were widespread with other incidents of tire-

hobby, making clay models of English country homes, into a full-

Ramallah and Bethlehem, Israel Radio said. There were no reports of any injuries. In predominantly Arab East Jerusalem, most shops and busi-

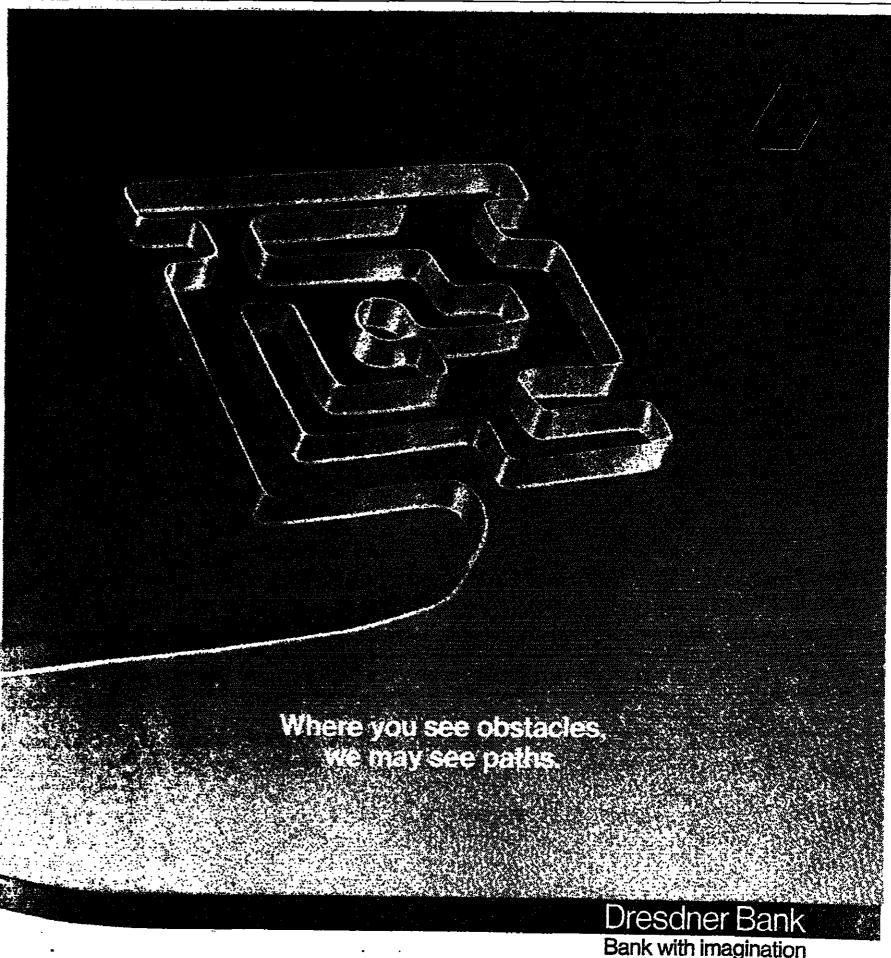
nesses closed for the day and children stayed home from school. In the Kalandia refugee camp outside Jerusalem, the banned Palestinian flag was hoisted.



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Socialist Leadership **Quickly Takes Control** Of Greek Bureaucracy

New York Times Service
ATHENS — Greece's new So-

cialist government has moved swiftly to wrest control of the state machinery from what it calls the sympathizers and political clients of the former conservative admin-

Opponents charge that the government wants to turn the bureaucracy into a tool for its own policies and supporters. The government denies it.

In the just under two weeks that it has been in power, the government has appointed its senior party members and confidents as directors of ministries and as the heads of major state organizations, public utilities and banks.

Some former officials, members or appointees of the outgoing New Democracy Party submitted their resignations without being asked. But the government says it will not proceed with widespread purges of civil servants in order to put members of its Panhellenic Socialist Movement in key posts.

'No Pogrom'

"We have repeatedly assured that there will be no pogrom or large-scale firing of personnel," said Dimitris Maroudas, the official government spokesman. "Even persons known to sympathize with the previous government will not be replaced if they are capable at their job. It is the country's policy

Moscow Presses For French Ties

The Associated Press

MOSCOW - The official Soviet newspaper Pravda on Monday called for the removal of "obsta-cles" blocking Soviet-French political and economic cooperation.

Referring to economic relations, the newspaper said "further head-way" was possible, provided there was "political will and understanding that one should overcome obstacles, first of all artificial ones. which stand in the way of mutually advantageous cooperation."

It went on: "Neither can one fail to see that on a number of major international problems, first of all on the acute question of mediumrange nuclear means to be deployed in Western Europe, the So-cialist leaders and the French government are orienting themselves mainly toward U.S. and NATO

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government, not the state machin-

Agamemnon Koutsogeorgas, the new minister to the premier and the man chiefly responsible for the state administration, charges that the preceding governments had "mrned the public administration into a party instrument." He said that "employment under our government will be based only on

A rather tougher stand was taken by the new foreign minister, Ioannis Haralambopoulos, who said that he wanted smooth relations with the ministry's personnel, but that he would be "personally very strict" with anyone who tried to undermine the government's new foreign policies.

Officials of the New Democracy opposition say they are giving the government a grace period before attacking their policies, but are convinced that the Socialists also will turn the administration into a party instrument. They say thou-sands of party members will have to be given good jobs, both as a means of securing control and to reward them for their support. Greek administrations have al-ways been staffed largely in accor-

dance with the preferences of the governing party.

Networks Changed

Experiencing the greatest changes in administrative person-nel have been the state-controlled radio and television networks. The government says the changes are not party oriented but rather show the desire to promote able persons and democratize public life.

Despite this disclaimer, the net-

works have changed overnight from an instrument of New Democracy propaganda to one of the Socialist government. But Mr. Maroudas said a government decision would assure that the activity of all the political parties would be reported in news broadcasts.

But such optimism is not shared by all Greek civil servants. A junior civil servant at the state telecommunications organization says he expects to be moved out of Athens to a post in the countryside because he was sympathetic to the opposition party.

The government's changes of el have already reached into the diplomatic service, with several ambassadors dismissed or scheduled to be. The first major change involved Ioannis Tzounis, the envoy to Washington, who was recalled to Athens. No official reason has been given. New Democracy officials say the Socialists saw Mr. Tzounis as a conservative who might not comply with the new government's directives on rela-tions with the United States.

Moon Returns To South Korea

SEOUL - The Rev. Sun Myung Moon, 61, leader of the controver-sial Unification Church, has returned to South Korea, airport officials said Monday.

The cult leader, who is free on \$500,000 personal recognizance bond following his arraignment in the United States on Oct. 22 on charges of income tax evasion, ar-

rived here on Sunday. Church sources said Mr. Moon was scheduled to attend a Unification Chuch-sponsored international scientists' meeting to be held in Seoul next week



BRUSH FIRE DAMAGE — A home owner stands amid the ruins of his house in the San Fernando Valley, California, destroyed with a dozen others by weekend brush fires.

Regan, Dole Urge Tax Increases Be Deferred

By Jonathan Fuerbringer New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The top tax officials in the Reagan administration and the Senate have declared that any tax increases to help cut future budget deficits should be put off until 1983 and 1984.

And the two - Treasury Secretary Donald T. Regan and Senate Finance Committee chairman Bob Dole — gave different opinions Sunday on what size tax increase there would be in the future. Mr. Regan still pushed for major spending cuts and only a last-resort tax rise, while Sen. Dole, a Kansas Republican, indicated that a large tax increase would have to be part of any program to try to reach a balanced budget by 1984.

Sen. Dole said that he did not want to raise taxes with a "laundry list" of little taxes, such as excise on cigarettes and liquor, or reduc-ing various business tax breaks and deductions for home mortgage and installment credit.

Instead he suggested broader tax hikes, such as an import fee on

oil or a windfall profits tax tied to liquor — are very popular, he said, the deregulation of natural gas and "so we may be making a decithe deregulation of natural gas prices. These are increases that he made clear, do not involve any change in President Reagan's previously enacted three-year, 25-percent individual tax cut.

The comments, made in sepagress over what to do to salvage the president's second series of budget cuts, which have bogged down in Congress since they were

proposed in September.

"Until we get the direction of some agreement with the president, we're sort of floundering, and in my view, the sooner we get on with it, the better," Sen. Dole

convinced there may not be any tax increase in fiscal 1982," which ends Sept. 30. None of the tax increases suggested so far - including excise taxes on cigarettes and

sion in the next few days on maybe have not been favored by the ad-ministration. These tax increases, focusing on '83 and '84," the sena-

Now, there's another bittle hooker in the fiscal year '82," Sen. Dole added. "Next year is calendar year 82 and it's an election rate television appearances, reflect-ed the continuing indecision both in the administration and in Con-of any increase to January, 1983, three months after the beginning of fiscal 1983 on Oct. 1 of next

> For next year, the decision for no tax increases - if it becomes the final one - means the deficit outlook is bleak, with the potential number already near \$60 billion. instead of the administration's \$43-billion projection.

Mr. Regan not only argued "I must say that the more I against a major tax increase in study the problem, the more I'm 1982, but also said that he would not prefer major tax hikes in the

"Perhaps in the future, if we don't get the budget cuts that we think we should be able to get faced with that unhappy choice of having to raise taxes. Mr. Regan

"But I don't think that's the proper way to go, and certainly not at this time," he said.

Burden on Congress

Mr. Regan also sought to put the burden of any tax increase squarely on Congress. "The choice is literally with them," he said, if Congress chooses the path of budget cuts, "then we will not have to have the tax increases, and we will be getting toward the balanced

budget," the secretary said.
"Now to the extent that they don't do it, then we may have to raise some taxes in the out years But this remains a choice for Con-

gress." he said. Mr. Regan said that for now be wants to stick to the \$22 billion in tax increases over three years that the president proposed in September. These include faster collections, elimination of some energy tax credits and curtailment of in-

Peace Corps Seeks Easing Of Fund Cuts

Director Reports Haig Is 'Very Supportive'

By Barbara Crossette New York Times Service WASHINGTON - The Peace

Corps, with its modest \$105 milion budget cut this year to \$83.6 million, has appealed to the administration for reconsideration. Loret M. Ruppe, the organiza-tion's director, said Friday before setting out on a monthlong tour of volunteer outposts in North and West Africa, that she had met with Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. about the budgetary prob-

lem and had found him "very sup-"He said what we were doing was right in line with the administration's foreign policy," she said.
"But we haven't heard anything

yet about our appeal." The Corps at Age 20 The Peace Corps, now 20 years old, is very different from what it was in the 1960s. The average age of volunteers is higher — about 27. There are fewer of them — about 5,000 in 60 countries compared

vith 11,115 in 57 nations in 1967. Most important to the Peace Corps now is the development of programs in agriculture and alternative sources of energy. Jody Otsen, the regional director for North Africa, the Near East, Asia and the Pacific, said that among these programs, training in fisheries was one of the most important.

This is bringing protein into areas where it is almost impossible to get meat," Miss Olsen said. She also described projects in teaching simple market gardening in primary and secondary schools and the raising of rabbits for food supply. Agriculture specialists are in great demand by the corps.

In its training program, volun-teers are taught not to expect to see changes in their two-year period of service.

"With rabbits, for example," Miss Olsen said, "it may be easier to raise rabbits than build fisheries, but you have to introduce the concept of eating rabbits, and of cooking rabbits. In some places that could take six to eight years."

The leadership of the corps, struggling to live within the new linancial restraints, is made up of loyal Republicans. Mrs. Ruppe, a Midwesterner, worked on Vice Midwesterner, worked on President Bush's campaign for the presidency and went on to become co-chairman of the Reagan-Bush committee in Michigan.

Danish Aide to Visit Haig

COPENHAGEN — Foreign Minister Kjeld Olesen will visit the United States on next Monday and Tuesday as the guest of Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., the Foreign Ministry an-nounced on Monday.

Mary Haworth, 80, Dies in Washington; Wrote an Advice Column for The Post

WASHINGTON - Mary Elizabeth Young, 80, who as Mary Haworth wrote a popular advice-to-the-lovelorn column for The Washington Post from the 1930s through the 1960s, died Sunday of

Mrs. Young's column was syndi-cated in hundreds of newspapers. She would seek advice from experts for her replies and she tried to pass on the responses in personal letters to readers whose letters she could not use in her column.

George Cochran Doub WASHINGTON (WP)

George Cochran Doub, 79, U.S. assistant attorney general in charge of the civil and claims divisions of the Justice Department from 1956 to 1961, died Friday of

Czech, in South Korea, Seeks Asylum in U.S.

United Press International SEOUL - A Czechoslovak Army enlisted man assigned to the Korean Armistice Commission's neutral nations supervisory com-

tary sources said on Monday.

revise government security programs to limit the strictest security tests only to those government em-

OAKLAND, Calif. (UPI) Lew Jenkins, 64, former world lightweight boxing champion, died Friday, Mr. Jenkins won the title Friday. Mr. Jenkins won under in 1940 by knocking out Louin 1940 by knocking out Louin and and Ambers in the third round, and lost it the following year in a 15-round bout with Sammy Angott.

Metcalf, 76, a jazz trumpet player who was a member of the Duke Ellington Orchestra that opened the Cotton Club in Harlem in 1927, died Tuesday.

ifred Wolfe, 53, author of "Ask Any Girl." "If a Man Answers" other novels about career women in New York, died Tues-



Strains in Atomic Energy Agency Raise U.S. Fears on Proliferation

New York Times Service WASHINGTON - Reagan administration officials have become disturbed by increasing confronta-tions between industrial and developing nations in the International Atomic Energy Agency, which tries to prevent the diversion of nuclear technology to military

If unresolved, administration officials and congressional analysts warn, these political strains could undermine the safeguard system of the 111 nations that make up the agency, a vital element in the ad-ministration's policy of trying to prevent the spread of nuclear

U.S. officials said Third World nations had recently increased their demands from the agency for nuclear technical assistance. Besides its safeguard responsibilities, the agency promotes nuclear ener-

The Third World's "preoccupation" with nuclear power and tech-nical aid, a U.S. arms control offi-cial said, will inevitably lead to less emphasis on safeguards.

'Captured Regulators'

"The nuclear promoters have already captured the regulators with-in the agency," said Rep. Edward J. Markey, a Massachusetts Democrat who heads the anti-nuclear faction in Congress.

The agency, a UN affiliate set up in 1957, is responsible for spotting and reporting through its 150 inspectors any misuse of a nuclear installation under its safeguards. The inspectors visit about 500 plants annually, checking nuclear inventories. Each year they scan about six million photographs taken by sealed automatic cameras installed at the plants and affix 3

sion of nuclear material for unauthorized use. The latest indication of the growing divisions within the agency, which is based in Vienna, was a seven-month struggle to elect a

million seals to prevent the diver-

new director general. On Sept. 26, Hans Blix, Sweden's deputy foreign minister for development and cooperation, was chosen as the agency's new head over Domingo Siazon of the Philippines, who was favored by the

But Third World nations won a

commitment to increase the agency's technical assistance to nations that wish to pursue nuclear energy programs. The agency's general conference also endorsed a pledge to include more Third World representatives on the board of gover-nors and in senior positions.

In addition, the agency endorsed a resolution calling for the consideration of a Third World representative when the next director eneral is chosen in November, 1985. Many officials interpret this as a signal that Mr. Blix may be a one-term chief.

U.S. representatives, including Richard T. Kennedy, undersecretary of state for management, succeeded in blocking a resolution calling for quotas for the hiring of Third World representatives. The United States also succeeded in blocking a resolution calling for the suspension of Israel from the agency because of its air attack

June 7 on an Iraqi nuclear reactor. But the conference adopted, 51-8 with 27 absentions, a resolution cutting off the \$150,000 a year in technical aid that Israel would normally receive. In addition, if Israel does not agree to submit all of its nuclear installations to agency in-spection, it faces another vote of expulsion next year.

"It was the most politicized, most contentious session I've ever attended," a State Department ex-pert said. "For a while, we really thought that the agency would not

The official said the Pakistanis were among the most vocal critics of the agency and what they call an insensitivity to the needs of the Third World. He noted, however, that the Pakistanis were unwilling to accept improvements in safe guards that the agency had recently requested for their nuclear ins-

Russian Orthodox Church in U.S. Canonizes Czar Nicholas and Wife

The Associated Press NEW YORK - A branch of the Russian Orthodox Church has completed the canonization of the last czar of Russia, his family

and 30,000 other Christians killed during or after the Russian In a two-part, six-hour ceremony on Saturday night and Sunday morning at its New York headquarters, the church honored as martyred saints people it said were killed by the Communists.

Among the new saints was Czar Nicholas II and his family and staff. Nicholas, the last czar of Russia, his wife, Alexandra, and their children, along with the others marked for canonization. were slain by the Communists in 1918.

The Church Abroad, as the church calls itself, was formed in exile in 1920. It has about 140 parishes in the United States and Canada and a worldwide membership estimated at 80,000. The two other major Russian Orthodox churches in America

are the one associated with the state-supervised church in Moscow and the independent Orthodox Church in America, Some members of the latter have expressed reservation about the canonization, even though their bishops voted last week not to comment on

The Rev. Leonid Kishkovsky, the church's assistant chancellor, said many Russian emigrés believe canonization of the czar is at least premature. "The czar was shot, but Alexander II, who liberated the serfs, was assassinated, too. People ask, 'Why isn't he a saint?" "Rev. Kishkovsky said.

Trudeau, Provincial Leaders Meet in Effort British Women, To End Impasse on Constitutional Reform

The Associated Press OTTAWA — Canada's national and provincial leaders met on Monday in what Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau described as a last-ditch effort to reach a consensus on constitutional reform.

Mr. Trudeau opened the talks with a compromise proposal on one of the most troublesome issues - the way future constitutional amendments would be adopted.

But René Levesque, premier of French-speaking Québec province and one of the staunchest opponents of Mr. Trudeau's constitutional program, retorted with an attack on another part of the prime minister's plan - a U.S.style bill of rights. "He uses the charter of rights as a smokescreen" for reducing provincial powers, Mr. Levesque said.

Mr. Trudeau says that if the negotiations produce no agreement between the federal and provincial governments he will go ahead unilaterally with his own proposals for overhauling the constitution.

Most here expect the conference to last several days. The 14-monthform has divided Canada.

posals, the British Parliament would surrender its control over the Canadian constitution, after first inserting a charter of rights and a formula by which Canadians could make future amendments.

El Salvador to Return Hijackers, Prisoners United Press Interna

SAN SALVADOR - El Salvador says it will return to Costa Rica the five Nicaraguan rightists who hijacked a Costa Rican airliner last week and six rightists who were freed at the hijackers' de-

"We will not permit an act of terrorism from whatever source provoked by whatever causes, if it shows an act of irrational violence, to convert this country into a sanctuary for terrorist agents," the gov-ernment said Sunday night. The six prisoners had been freed in exchange for 18 passengers of a Costa Rican airliner. The pilot and co-pilot were forced to fly the hijackers and the exchanged prisoners out of Costa Rica.

link to Britain and "bringing bome" the constitution. But eight of them — all but the premiers of Ontario and New Brunswick oppose Mr. Trudeau's plan because, they say, the charter of rights would diminish provincial powers in Canada's decentralized federation, and because they ob-ject to specifics of the Trudean amending formula.

The constitution now is the British North America Act of 1867, an act of the British Parliament that established the Canadian confederation. The Canadians never took control of the document because the national and provincial governments failed repeatedly over the years to agree on a method for making future amendments.

The eight premiers also object in general to Mr. Trudeau's stated intentions to act without their unanimous consent. In an ambiguous ruling in September, the Canadian Supreme Court held that Mr. Trudean was acting legally but in vio-lation of a longtime practice of ob-taining a consensus of the provinces before asking the British Parliament for constitutional change.

U.S. Men Capture Titles in Bridge

From Agency Dispatches
PORT CHESTER, N.Y. -- The U.S. men's team and the British women's team have won the world team championships in bridge

In the final of the contest for the Bermuda Bowl, the U.S. men met with stiff opposition from the unheralded Pakistani team, which upset some favored groups in the qualifying and semifinal stages. The final margin in favor of the United States was 89 points, 271-

The outstanding partnership for stroth and Eric Rodwell, Other members of the team were John Solodar, Bobby Levin - at 23 the youngest player to win a world bridge title — Russ Arnold and Bud Reinhold. The Pakistani team, which surprised all observers by its performance, was made up of Mahmood Zia, Masood Salim, Munir Ataullah, Jan-e-Alam Fazli, Nishat Abedi and Nisar Ahmad. Poland and Argentina tied for third place in the men's championships, with Britain fifth, Australia sixth and Indonesia seventh.

In the women's world championship, Britain beat the United States by 43 points, 160-117. This took the Venice Trophy to Europe for the first time, ending a run of three U.S. victories.

The winning team comprised Nicola Gardener, Pat Davies, Sally Sowter, Sandra Landy, Maureen Dennison and Diana Williams. The U.S. team was made up of Kathie Wei, Judi Radin, Edith Kemp, Nancy Gruver, Carol Sanders and Betty Ann Kennedy. Brazil fin-ished third in women's play, with Australia fourth and Venezuela

Mr. Doub worked to redress

mission has sought political asylum in the United States, mili-

It was the first political defection involving members of the supervisory commission made up of personnel from Poland, Czecholovakia, Sweden and Switzerland.

terned during World War II and to ployees in sensitive positions.

Lew Jenkins

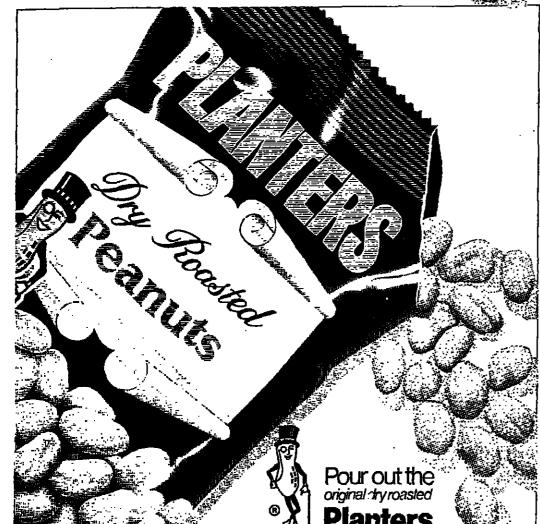
Louis Metcalf NEW YORK (NYT) - Louis

Thelma Connor Gary GLENDALE, Calif. (AP) Singer Thelma Connor Gary, 75, died Friday of congestive heart and kidney failure. She and her twin sister. Velma, were stars of the Ziegfeld Follies in the 1920s.

Winifred Wolfe NEW YORK (NYT) - Win-

dtoducing

Remember, never drink on an empty stomach.





Venice in Fall and Winter: Days of Misty Canals and Sparkling Waterways

By Muriel Spack

MOST people who write about Venice do not tell you what they think of it but how they feel. Venice is a city not to inspire thought but sensations. I think it is something to do with the compound of air, water, architecture and the acoustics. Like the effect of these elements on the ear, there are acoustics of the heart. One can think in Venice, but not about Venice. One absorbs the marvelous place, often while thinking about something disc,

I have never been to Venice in summertime, or in festival time, not at the time of any of the cinema and great art shows. My Venice belongs to late autumn and winter, the Venice of meager tourism, the Venetians' everyday city.

I have never known Venice to be crowded or hurried. Perhaps for this reason, when I published a novel set in autumnal Venice. someone was puzzled by the facility with which some of my characters encountered each outer in unin street. It transpired he had only
been in Venice during the crowded and stifling tourist seasons, when you could not very likely meet the same face two days running.

In the winter it is quite three After a week of walking around Venice — and one does have to walk a lot — or of waiting at the landing stage for the diesel-run vaporetto, the same laughing students are there, the same solemn goodwives with their shopping bags and well-preserved fur collars, the same retired gentlemen with righteous blue eyes and brown hats. This is everyday Venice where the passers-by are sparse, where eventually they say good

orning. My first visit to Venice was on a cold, bright morning in February, with a friend who had been there before. However much one has read and beard about the visual

By Henry Pleasants

T ONDON -- How odd to find oneself, while hear-

ing and seeing the English National Opera's new production of Charpentier's "Louise," thinking of Mussorgsky's "Boris Godunov." Yet the two operas

do have much in common, most conspicuously a cer-

tain ambivalence or ambiguity as to what was upper-

often seems more concerned with a place and its peo-

ple - Russia and Paris - the more explicit in

"Louise," with Louise and Julien joining in a long

duet that is as much a love song to Paris as to each other, and with Louise at the end, leaving her parents

The two operas and the two composers also share

the distinction of surpassing all others in the art of

musically articulated and sustained conversation. It is

a weakness of most operas of this century that what is

offered as conversation set to music would emerge -

if well spoken — more musically without the music. Not so with "Louise" and "Boris."

There is a further similarity in the orchestra, where each composer has fashioned an instrumental palette

Each has a personal name as its title, but each very

most in the composer's mind and purpose.

for Paris rather than her lover, or so it seems

impact of Venice, it never fails to take one by surprise. After five visits I still gasp. It is not merely the architecture, the palaces, the bridges and the general splendor, it is the combination of architecture with water, space, light and color that causes amazement; especially, I think, the element of water.

The first impression of the waterways of Venice is acoustic, so that normal sensations subliminally cease and new ones take their place. Voices, footsteps, bird cries, a cough from the window on the other side of the canal -- all are different from the sounds of the land one has left. The traffic is entirely watery. A greengrocer's shop piled high with vegetables is a ship floating past your window.

Feeling at Home

After a few days of this estrangement from normal life I begin to feel at home with it. Some people tell me they can never settle down to a feeling of familiarity with Venice. Sometimes they are people who frequent the super hotels where everything is done to comfort and console the visitors who come with their usual bag of worries. I do not say that this is not a very good thing for a holiday. But the very nature of Venice is such that the things that usually preoccupy us, from which we are attempting to get away, undergo a shift of perspective after about

I have known Venice in a mist and drizzle, where everything is de-pressed and soaking, every bridge is a bridge of sighs. But it is not the usual personal depression one is experiencing; it is something else, something belonging to Venice, it is collective. I think this is something like the reverse of Ruskin's Pathetic Fallacy in which he holds that artists and poets tend to attribute to nature our human responses: Venice would be "brood-

Opera: Parisian Charm of 'Louise'



It is the combination of architecture with water, space, light and color that causes amazement.

outside the hardy musicians per-form their nostalgic Palm Court

Venice has been declining for

some hundreds of years. Decline is

now of its essence, and I do not

think it would be anything like as

attractive to ourselves if it were on the way up in the modern sense

and flourishing. The Venetians themelves talk little about Venice,

never unless you ask. They are

proud of their native city and at-

tached to it, but it does not go to

their heads as it does with the rest

ing" or "smiling," according to ow we feel.

On the contrary, I think we are sad when majestic Venice is in gloom; and if we are depressed already the fine thing about those gloomy days of Venice is that you forget what you are personally depressed about. Venice is a very good place to be sad. On days of mist, it is like a trip to the Shades. But winter often sparkles and these are the days one can sit

the Polish border scene in "Boris" and the "crowning of the muse" scene in "Louise" — not part of the composer's original plan but added, unfortunately, at

the insistence of the theater-wise who found the origi-

at the Coliseum in the orchestra, sensitively, imagina-tively and sympathetically conducted by Sylvain Cambreling, and there is much Parisian charm and vitality, too, in Colin Graham's production, the pro-

ducer being blessed with the ENO's seemingly mex-

haustible resources in supplying brilliant character-izations in secondary roles. Only René Allio's sets fail

to realize the Montmartre so hauntingly pictured in

not helped by an unbecoming red wig, and at the premiere, she sang "Depuis le jour" just as it should be sung — and seldom is. John Treleaven was a phys-

ically and vocally handsome Julien, Katherine Pring

a convincingly severe mother. But the honors of the

evening, on the stage at least, went to Richard Van

Alian, whose father stood up well against still treas-

ared memories of Ezio Pinza in that role at the Met.

should train her bohemian Julien not to lie abed with

or maybe Colin Grah

Valerie Masterson is a persuasive Louise, although

Charpentier's Paris comes most wonderfully to life

nals too stark. As a result both operas are too long.

There was a time when wealthy foreigners like Milly in Henry James' "The Wings of the Dove" could take on a romantic palace and play at princess. Poor Milly got what she demanded, and this was, of course, how James made fun of his contemporaries in Ven-

At Venice, please, if possible, no dreadful, no vulgar hotel; but if it can be at all managed you know what I mean - some fine old rooms, wholly independent, for a series of months. Plenty of them, too, and the more interesting the better, part of a palace, historic and picturesque, but strictly inodorous, where we shall be to ourselves, with a cook, don't you know? - with servants, frescoes, tapestries, antiquities, the thorough make-believe

Byron thought seriously of settling permanently in Venice to spend the winters there. Permais not a good idea: the city is bad for our bones, and also, the sort of infatuation a foreigner feels

about Venice cannot last. Henry James' American girlfriend, if one can stretch a phrase, settled in Venice only to throw herself out of window one dark night, to her death. Byron's Venetian girl, who threw herself into the canal, was

careful to be rescued. Howevez, it is difficult not to be romantic about Venice. Myself, I arrived on one of my visits - it was early in November - close to midnight. The gondoliers had struck and put up notices demanding that their claims should be dealt with "globally." There was a squall blowing in from the lagoon.

It was quite a plight for me, there on the landing stage, for my luggage was heavy with reference books (I was correcting the proofs of my Venetian novel "Territorial Rights"). But it was really exciting to strike a bargain with some men on a coal barge that rocked and plunged in the wind and surge, with me and my books among the sooty cargo, up the Grand Canal where doges and dowagers were once wont to ride in state.

Water Voices

The night porter at my lodgings showed no surprise; he merely came down to the landing stage to collect me and my goods, dripping rags that we were, and to make sure that the men had not overcharged me. I will always remember that midnight journey through the black water, and the calling of the bargemen, wild seabird noises,

passed another laden vessel.

The palaces were mostly in darkness with the water splashing their sides, the painted mooring poles gleaming suddenly in the light of our passing; the few lights from the windows were dim and greenish, always from tiny windows at the top. Nobody walked on the banks, and yet a strange effect I can only describe as water voices came from those sidewalks and landing stages. Perhaps they were ghosts, wet and cold.

I usually stay at a charming, fairly old pensione near the Accamia, which sits on an angle of the Grand Canal and a side canal. In time, after I had taken in day by day all the sights and spectacles of Venice, the incredible St. Mark's church, the happy square with its shops full of expensive junk, the Tintorettos, museums and galleries and all those already hyper-de-scribed stones of Venice, I began to form a Venice of my own.

It is rather as one does with acquaintances when one goes to live for a length of time in a new country - eventually one whittles them down to an affectionate few. These I visit again and again in my winter walks and excursions, well wrapped up and wearing boots like everyone else. Most men and women wear warm hats, too.

Off-Season Visit

Since one of the advantages of an off-season visit is that there are no crowds, it is possible to sit without interruption almost alone in the Church of the Frari looking at Titian's "Assumption." I love to walk around the Ducal Palace to see those four charming Tetrarchs, timid and proper and quietly influential, modestly embracing each other in a formal half-huddle. Giorgione's mysterious "Tempest" in the Accademia is another of my best-loved familiars.

And I remember a sunny winter trip, and also a cold bleak one, with a friend in the ferryboat to Torcello, one of the islands in the Venetian lagoon where very little goes on now except the magnificent cathedral, part Gothic, part Byzantine. There is a vast biblical narrative done in seventh-century mosaics at one end, and a golden backed mosaic of the Madonna behind the alter, hypnotically radi-

But going behind the altar to snoop we waded into a deep pool of water that had seeped into that glorious building. We were glad of our boots. In winter there are no restaurants open on the smaller islands, no bar on the ferryboats. But sweet visitors do not care, and the sour ones do not matter.

The art treasures apart, what I return to again and again are the more homely friends of my walks through the windy calli and the placid, sometimes leafy squares of Venice. These include a men's hat shop standing all alone in a small a type of that high blank wall of square house on the canal near James' "The Aspern Papers": Santa Maria Formosa; in the windows, and piled up inside, is a vast variety of men's hats; straw boaters, Breton sailors' berets, felt hats, black velour hats, fedoras, stetsons, hats for hunting, hats for

Waterborne Funerals

going to funerals.

Funerals in Venice, of course, are a stately procession. The city lays on a great show, with giltedged barges and coffins carved within an inch of their lives. In vain have the last two popes set the examples of being buried in plain pinewood boxes, there in St. Peter's for all the world to see. Venice sails on regardless. In Venice the ambulance service too is inter-esting: It provides a sedan chair to run a less-than-stretcher case down to the boat.

Often, in Venice, getting lost, as everyone does, I have come across

". . .a high blank wall which appeared to confine an expanse of ground on one side of the house. Blank I call it, but it was figured over with the patches that please a painter, repaired breaches, crumblings of plaster, extrusions of brick that had turned pink with time; and a few thin trees, with the poles of certain rickety trellises, were visible over the top. The place was a garden and apparently it belonged to the house."

I like the term "apparently." Because, in Venice, anything can or might lie behind those high blank walls. It is well to say apparently. One never knows.

Muriel Spark, the British novelist and poet, has lived in Italy for 14 vears. She wrote this article for The



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Who wouldn't want to be in your shoes? Especially when those feet will be taking you to the famous cheese markets, flower auctions, gorgeous canals, windmills, and a Van Gogh or two. So share it all with your family and friends back home. But before you make that call, here are some guilder-saving tips.

SAVE ON SURCHARGES

Many hotels outside the U.S. charge exorbitant surcharge fees on international calls. And sometimes the fees are greater than the cost of the call itself. But if your hotel has TELEPLAN, the way to keep hotel surcharges reasonable, go ahead and call No Teleplan? Read on!

SAVE WITH A SHORTIE

In most countries there's no threeminute minimum on self-dialed calls. So if your hotel offers International Dialing from your room, place a short call home and have them call you back. The surcharge on short calls is low. And you pay for the callback from the States with dollars, not local currency, when you get your next home or office phone bill.

SAVE THESE OTHER WAYS Telephone Company credit card and collect calls may be placed in many countries. And where they are, the hotel surcharges on such calls are usually low. Or, you can avoid

surcharges altogether by calling from the post office or from other telephone centers.

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Now that you've learned to walk on wood, you've saved a little shoe leather. And now that you've learned the calling tips, you'll find it easy to foot the phone bill.



Reach out and touch someone

Aid and Basic Questions

The Senate added two useful riders when it approved the Reagan administration's \$6.7billion foreign aid package. As requested by President Reagan, it removed long-standing restrictions on aid to Chile and Pakistan. But, without asking, the president also got what he needs: an amber warning that Congress will not forget Chile's human rights abuses or Pakistan's nuclear ambitions. That is a minimal signal for an amnesia-prone administration.

In lifting the 1976 ban on aid to Chile, the Senate yielded two-thirds of a loaf. Chile's champions argue that its military regime has settled for a milder repression and, in any case, is sturdily anti-Communist. They concede but discount the Santiago regime's involvement in the 1976 murder of the exiled

Orlando Letelier on a Washington street. Unfortunately, Chile has repaid Reagan's indulgence with a new crackdown on democratic opponents and by closing its courts to further appeals in the Letelier scandal. The least the Senate could honorably do was to require the president to certify as the aid is

dispensed that Chile is making significant progress on human rights and is no longer promoting terrorism abroad. In so voting, the Senate also obtained an assurance from Chairman Charles Percy that the Foreign Relations Committee would insist on hearings to examine such assurances.

Such certification is not an empty formula, as the case of Pakistan proves. Under present law, Pakistan cannot qualify for aid unless Reagan gives formal assurance that it is not developing nuclear weapons. For all his eagerness to help Pakistan, Reagan refuses to go that far, and he asked that the requirement be dropped. But Sen. John Glenn's compromise is the better solution: Any nonnuclear country automatically forfeits American aid if it explodes a nuclear device.

These riders merit approval by the House. The Senate has gone about as far as it should to give the Reagan administration a freer hand without misleading foreign nations about the true American consensus on fundamental questions.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

'Latent Anti-Semitism'

A sordid matter lingers from the AWACS fight. It was poignantly raised by Sen. William Cohen, who opposed the deal but finally voted for it. The Maine Republican, a Unitarian with a Jewish father, said it was better that American Jews lose the contest than suf-

fer the consequences of winning. Other senators were less delicate in expressing the same lament. Mark Hatfield of Oregon said talks with constituents had exposed "latent anti-Semitism." David Durenberger of Minnesota said, "I have never experienced anything like this in my life, in terms of basic prejudice." Joseph Biden of Delaware said, "I have a feeling that American Jews are being made a scapegoat." New York's Daniel Patrick Moynihan said, "There's been a pattern of argument ... that, should this not go through, it will lead to the kinds of things you describe."

Who dared evoke such loathsome emotion? Moynihan was quite right to describe a "pattern"; no one directly shouted "blame the Jews" for losing a vote or a Saudi contract. But too many were ready to arouse or exploit base resentments. Too many made passionate concern for Israel's safety appear sinister, disloyal to America.

"It is not the business of other nations to make foreign policy," said President Reagan, even as he opened the capital's doors for a Saudi prince. And if the overtone isn't clear, listen to its elaboration by former Sen. James Abourezk: "This turned out to be a major battle between the president of the United States and a foreign lobby ... Hell, Reagan beats his American opposition a lot easier than that,"

And if even that innuendo is unclear, hear it from a master of the art: "If it were not for the intense opposition by Begin and part of the American Jewish community, the

AWACS sale would go through," said Richard Nixon. "This fact will greatly affect the consequences if the sale fails to go through." Let people of honor, starting with the pres-

ident, remove this stain on our politics. Most American Jews opposed the AWACS sale, but so did most other Americans; and Israel's security was only one reason to object. Jewish lobbyists waged a vigorous campaign; indeed, they began before the Israeli government joined the challenge. But on the other side, promoting the deal, was an equally vigorous lobby of weapons makers, oil companies and Saudi agents and traders. Neither side had any special claim on the "American interest." Neither lacked for "foreign" entanglements.

In fact, American Jews are not slavish apologists for every Israeli policy. Many have been critical of the bombings of Baghdad and Beirut, and of Israeli policies in the West Bank. But even when Jews stand united, there can be no tolerance for dark mutterings about disloyalty, and coded complaints about their influence.

Jews have as much right to read concern for Israel into their view of the national interest as do Greek Americans opposing aid to Turkey or black Americans demanding opposition to South Africa's racism. Such exertions, whether or not they are persuasive, do not weaken America. On the contrary, there can be no strong foreign policy that ignores the combined yearnings of domestic

Those who would frighten any group out of the debate erode the rights of all. Those who summon the demons of anti-Semitism against an understandably jittery people do the devil's work, and it is they who betray

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Unequal Interest Costs

High interest rates are a burden on the whole economy, but the burden is not distributed uniformly. Because of the interplay between the tax system and inflation, the weight of high rates rests much more heavily on people with modest incomes and on businesses that run losses.

The explanation is that interest costs are a deduction from the income on which you pay taxes. The rates on mortgages are over 18 percent — a staggering figure, but more staggering for some than others. If you are in the 50-percent tax bracket, the government is, in effect, paying half of your interest. With an 18-percent mortgage, your half would be 9 percent. That is hardly more than the rate of inflation. The real rate of interest is whatever you are paying above the inflation rate - which means that, for the taxpayer in the 50-percent bracket, the real after-tax

cost of that mortgage is close to zero. But a family with an average income will probably find itself in the 19-percent tax bracket next year, which means that the government pays only 19 percent of its interest. For that family, the real after-tax cost of the same mortgage would be somewhere around 6 percent a year. The lower your income, the higher your share of the actual cost of a loan.

For corporations, the differential is even sharper. The corporate income tax is 46 percent, which means that the government carries 46 percent of the interest costs of a profitable company. If the company borrows at the prime rate, its real after-tax cost is in the range of 2 percent. If it ceases making a profit and no longer has taxes against which to offset its deductions, the cost of the loan is five times as high.

For individual taxpayers, the Senate Finance Committee is now discussing ceilings on the tax deductions for mortgage interest. The senators' purpose is to raise the revenue that the Treasury urgently needs. But, as the arithmetic of the after-tax rates suggests, social equity also argues forcefully in favor of a limit on interest deductions. THE WASHINGTON POST.

Other Opinion

A Crisis Report on Africa

Africa is facing a crisis that defies description. One-third of its countries, already abysmally poor, suffered declining per capita incomes in the 1970s and many are expected to decline further this decade. Africa's debt has increased fivefold since 1970, and 26 countries face famine.

Governments and social structures are beginning to collapse. In Mali. for example, the government cannot afford to pay its own civ-

il servants' salaries until they are two months overdue, and often cannot even buy pencils and paper for its own offices.

A newly published World Bank report shows that aid to Africa must double in real terms in the next decade, not least to help poor countries to change their policies without causing chaos. If world leaders want to salvage something from Cancun, they should give this report a high priority.

- From The Observer (London).

Nov. 3: From Our Pages of 75 and 50 Years Ago

1906: Root Denounces Hearst

NEW YORK - The most stirring deliverance in the state campaign thus far came from Mr. Elihu Root, Secretary of State, who as the spokesman of President Roosevelt made his first and only address in Oneida County. It had been felt by many that the Republicans were apathetic and did not appreciate what the election of Mr. Hearst would mean. The speech is a most severe arraignment of Mr. Hearst, his pretensions, his methods, his insincerity, his power for evil and his inhumanity in treating public men. He described Mr. Hearst as a demagogue and especially dangerous specimen of the class that has endangered not only popular government but also genuine reforms.

1931: Laval and Hoover

PARIS - Rising on a wave of turnultuous welcome indicative of the nation's initial approval of his negotiations at Washington, Premier Pierre Laval returned in triumph to Paris yesterday. There is a fairly general understanding, which seems to be endorsed by the things that Mr. Laval has allowed to be understood, that the French premier has returned to Paris with a free hand in the tackling of European problems. In return for America's sympathetic attitude in the coming months, Mr. Laval is believed to have given definite assurances to President Hoover that France will make a big endeavor to come to political as well as economic understanding with

At Stake in Nicaragua

By Dial Torgerson

Managua — The revolution in Nicaragua, which started out with the good will of much of the world, has reached what could be the end of a dream. The Sandinistas who toppled the Somoza dictatorship in 1979 are striking harshly at dissent.

When the country's most prominent industrialists wrote an open letter to the ruling junta predicting crisis, and the junta arrested them, friends of Nicaragua were appalled. When a former member of the junta criticized their arrest, a pro-Sandinista mob "spontaneous-ly" attacked his home.

Some of the businessmen now under arrest fought against the Somoza regime and stayed in Ni-caragna to help with reconstruction work. To outsiders it seems that the junta is turning paranoid. What is it afraid of?

Dissent, clearly. The Sandinistas speak increasingly these days of "us" and "them."

• The United States, When 150 U.S. Navy men took part in a joint maneuver with Honduran patrol boats, the Nicaraguan defense minister ordered a military state of alert, as if in fear of invasion.

 The Somocistas, as the expelled remnants of the National Guard of the late Anastasio Somoza are called. Maranders from a Somocista camp in Honduras crossed into Nicaragua last month and killed two peasants and two

• And the mysterious Comandante Zero, as the legendary Edén Pastora became known during the civil war. He fled Nicaragua in July after breaking with the junta: His whereabouts are unknown. Pastora is more middle-of-the-road than the Saudinistas. He has a popular following — and he left before things went wrong. The junta, which claims to rec-

ognize a pluralism of political par-ties and a mixed economy, in July

promulgated laws to combat "eco-nomic sabotage," under which businesses could be seized by the government on the slightest pretext. Since 50 percent of the means

> ic in the private sector. Like most of the junta's recent moves, this exacerbated the conditions it sought to curb. Reinvestment of capital in Nicaragua seemed hazardous. Crafty businessmen began to figure how to get their money out.

of production had already been

nationalized, this caused near-pan-

An economic upswing under way since Somoza fled faded, and foreign bankers, wary of nationalization, declined to make loans.
Foreign reserves of hard cash
dwindled. The junta, which had
lost U.S. aid because of its support for Salvadoran rebels, sought aid from Libya and other "progressive" countries to avert a shortage of operating capital.

This is what the industrialists were talking about in their open letter to Comandante Daniel Ortega Saavedra, who heads the threeman junta, when they wrote him saying the country was nearing "a

point of no return."

The arrests of the seven men who signed the letter were ordered by the junta and the nine-man directorate of the Sandinista Party, which together run things. The pictures of distinguished businessmer being led into court on charges of endangering national security did not encourage the middle class. Late last month so many people were leaving that it was impossible to book a flight from Managua to Mexico City or Miami.

The leaders of three centrist parties — the "bourgeoisie," in San-dinista terms — had their passports seized as they prepared to leave for Europe. "They were going to speak out against us," a government source said. 01981, Los Angeles Times

The Sandinista Victory The Socialists Have Indeed Won, So What Comes Next for France?

By William Piaif

PARIS — Greece has followed France to the left. Can Italy and Spain be far behind? Socialists in Europe would like to think not —as if Socialism had become a la mode.

But Greece did not turn left merely because France had done so, and the rest of southern Europe will not do so because Greece did. Voters react to what is good or bad in their own situations.

Greek voters, like the French before them, resented the economic difficulties of recent years. Conservarives had ruled Greece virtually since the war, with an interlude of reactionary military dictatorship that enjoyed Washington's benevolence.

The Greek Socialist government of Andreas Papardreou shares with the French Socialists a vision of change which must be taken seriously — of old quities corrected, fraternity, a new start. Nationalizations have totemistic value for both: A young French Cabinet minister pointed out a few days ago that the word "nationalization" has the word "nation" in it, and he said he thought this important.

Americans, familiar with British nationalizations, associate the idea with subsidized incompetence, sloth, make-work and bureaucracy. For the French and Greek Socialists, national enterprise is intended to mean innovation, technical leadership, en-trepreneurial élan, a morale that is based in service rather than self-interest.

Economic Reality

The leaders talk a lot about the "third industrial revolution," in which Americans and Japanese are supposed already to be in the lead. They argue that state companies can overtake that lead. At the same time they want to decentralize power, and they be-lieve that this will release new energies in their societies. They have a rather vague notion of a new inter-national division of labor based on a new relation-ship to the Third World.

But for the French Socialists the trouble has already begun. They are discovering the limits to what they can do. After fiv: months they are falling into embarrassing internal disputes over how they ought to proceed, and in economic management this has produced confusion

A reflationary budget was followed within days by devaluation and new deflationary policies. The unpleasant prospect now is of both more inflation and more unemployment in the months to come, plus a loss of reserves and a weak currency. The reaction among the rank and file of the party has not been to stop and think about priorities, but fury at the obduracy of economic reality, and a radicalization of par-

ty rhetoric. The party congress just completed was markedly intemperate in what was said.

Serious labor unrest is beginning. Workers had expected something important to happen, and it hasn't.

A Renault worker said the other day that he had worked all his life in a stinking job, waiting for this moment. I voted for Francois Mittertand because I thought that in a Socialist France my life would be different." He is now on strike. The strikers want shorter hours, workers' committees, more of a say over how things are run. But most of all they want their lives changed.

.. Battles Long Won

How is this to be done? It certainly is possible, although far more difficult than the Socialists thought, to nationalize the biggest banks and compa-nies, create regional assemblies, remove some of the privileges of the well-to-do, lift the income and stams of working people. But when all that is done, they know in their hearts that the glorious dawn will not dawn. Freachmen will still be unemployed, foreign creditors will demand payment in sound money, suc-cessful competition will depend upon productivity,

inflation will continue to provoke the voters.

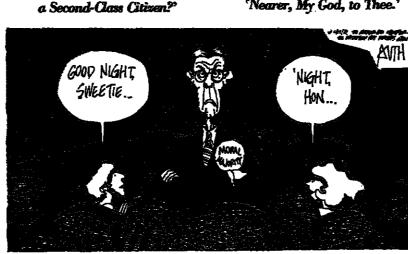
An easy recourse would be radicalization of the program. But the French elected the Socialists by turning marginally away from a 23-year commitment to moderately conservative governments. There was no mandate for revolution. They voted for the Socialists because Francois Mitterrand had succeeded in reassuring them that even though his Socialists were allied with the Communists, moderation and good sense would prevail — that he was no adventurer.

But Socialism's essential problem is that it was a success long ago. The right likes to say that Socialism has never worked. That is nonsense. It has been working in the West for the last 30 years. It has worked so well that all the conservative parties have stolen the Socialists' policies. Welfare government, social insurance, a measure of co-management, state planning and investment all exist under the most conservative Western governments. The Socialists have won all of their most important policy battles. Everyone else has come over to their side.

This leaves them today, in Greece as in France, with an immense burden of popular expectations and hope, and few practical ideas about new things to do. They place so much importance on nationalization and decentralization — inconsistent ideas — precisely because there is so little else in their policy cupbeard. But how is nationalization to help that Renault worker who would like please, his life to be different? Renault has been nationalized since 1945.

O1981, International Bendit Tribune.





It Seems Like Old Times

By Richard Cohen

WASHINGTON — Like Japanese sol-VV diers who surface years after the end of World War II, up from the nether world two weeks ago came Katherine Boudin and other members of the Weather Underground with their guns blazing. They allegedly killed two cops and a private guard north of New York, maybe had plans for some bombings, but didn't realize that the year year lest long and realize that the war was lost long ago.

You can understand their confusion.

They must have looked around and conchided that it was the 1960s all over again. The time looked ripe for action, and if they had any doubts about it they could have read the coverage of their own arrest. In The Washington Post, Bondin, as political a person as you're ever likely to find, was called "an underground moll" — as sexist an epithet as you're likely to find.

The clock has been turned back.

Sexism has returned. It is now once again permissible to call grown women "girls." It is apparently OK, too, to make jokes about busts and legs and to make women, but never men, account for their success. The new role model for women seems to be Nancy Reagan, who appears to do little more than spend money and have lunch. Gone is Rosalynn Carter's concern for the mentally ill, or Betty Ford's activism. Instead we have returned to a Eather Known Best on in which to a Father Knows Best era in which shopping and entertaining are not only woman's work, but their only work. We have turned back the clock on rac-

ism also. Suddenly it is permissible to make racist jokes, to identify people in the news media by race when race is not relevant, or to talk about the Voting Rights Act as if it were an imposition on the

states, rather than an effort to guarantee the rights of minorities. Some lessons have been forgotten. There is no such thing as a little racism, and there is no such thing as a little sea-ism. There is no room for a little of each, because they are both diseases. But the thinking seems to be that the battle against each has been won and so we may

indulge ourselves in a little bit of both. Having beaten the disease, we will now flirt with it, play with it, tease it. We are sure that it is no threat. In the economy, things Americans thought had been won are being threatened and in some cases repealed. The Great Society that the likes of Boudin mocked as too little and too late is now but a memory. Unemployment is at 7.5 percent and America is in a recession. It is

tougher to be poor than it has been in

quite some time, and for some people it is not much fun being middle-class, either. The lessons of Watergate are about to be repealed. The Reagan administration thinks the CIA ought to have a role in domestic police work. And it thinks rules of evidence ought to be changed, and that some people are criminals simply because they are criminals: They ought to be locked up and the key thrown away.

Little wonder that Boudin and friends came up from the underground when they did. Things looked familiar. Alexander Haig is once again advising presidents. Richard Nixon is flying around the world making policy statements. It certainly must have looked like the 1960s — but it's not. The difference is that this time no one seems to care.

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-Letters-

Spain and NATO

James Markham writes (IHT, James Markham writes (IHT, Oct. 19) that the Spanish government's decision to join NATO is opposed by the Socialists and the Communists but "has so far aroused little passion." This statement will mislead those who do not follow events in Spain closely. There have been several public demonstrations against entry into NATO, one of them a major one. One of the parties mentioned as opposing the entry presented half a million signatures to that effect to the government. The govern-ment's hurried efforts to push entry through parliament are, ac-cording to a recent poll conducted by Spain's leading newspaper, El Pais, opposed by 52 percent of those polled; and 69 percent felt that, in any case, the decision should be reached through a national referendum. CAYETANO de CABANYES.

On Food Aid

A voice must be raised to protest the reported pronouncements of James McPherson (IHT, Oct. 21), administrator of the International Development Cooperation Agency. McPherson says that the Unit-ed States must get out of giveaway food programs. Fine words for a former Peace Corps official who must have witnessed hunger at its worst during his tour of Peru. He should read Philip Geyelin, who writes in the same issue that 3.4 billion people live in the developing countries and that of this num-ber 900 million are at the absolute poverty line. JOHN. F. THOMAS.

Generous Helpings

As a friend of America just back from a monthlong visit in the United States, may I point out the frequency of over-large food por-tions, with one-third in leftovers destined for garbage. Think of what a one-third cutback in servings throughout the vast United

States could do toward lessening the threat of world famine, to say nothing of the money saved for almost evi xyone. FREDERICK SANDS.

Covering Arafat

In a compact newspaper, limita-tion and discretion are under-standable. When Yassar Arafat of the PLO, on a crassly political quest to Japan, is accorded dispro-portionate daily coverage, includ-ing three photographs, it smacks of news manipulaton.

HESH BROHINSKY.

Moscow and the PLO

Re Leslie H. Gelb's report, "Soviet Terror Charge Based on Old U.S. Data" (IHT, Oct. 19): The

statement by the unnamed official that "there is no substantial new evidence" is hogwash. About a year ago there appeared on Austrian television an interview with a member of el-Fatah in which he stated explicitly that he and other members of his gang were trained in infiltration techniques and weapons handling in the Soviet Union. He maintained that the Russians tried to indoctrinate his group but that they, true to their Islamic faith, resisted this Marxist SAMUEL J. GORDEN.

Proper Muscarine

Richard Severo's article "Dorothy Sayers: The Mushroom Case" (Oct. 22) gave me much pleasure due to the clear expression of the chemical background and for the homage paid to Dorothy Sayers' talent. One small comment may be offered: The formula for muscarine, CoH20O2N+, is incomplete and requires the addition of the group OH. The molecular formu la, that is, the one giving the atoms composing the whole molecule of the alkaloid muscarine, should read CoH21NO3.

Old Questions of Time and Genius

By Stephen Orgel

as a surprise to scientists. To a stu-dent of mythology, it is exactly what one would expect of Samm, the most thoroughly ambiguous figure in the classical pantheon. Samm — or Kronos, to the Greeks — was the child of Uranus and the father of Zeus. He and his brothers, the Titans, overthrew their father, who had imprisoned them or tried to destroy them. Kronos then ruled the heavens, but cally different, more ancient, embodying and presiding over the

Kronos then ruled the heavens, but fearing that his children would similarly supplant him, he devoured them at birth. However, his wife, Rhea, saved Zeus, and Zeus succeeded in defeating and castrat-

ing Kronos, whom he imprisoned.
In Roman versions of the story. Saturn was exiled to Earth and became the ruler of Italy. He taught the ancient Romans agriculture — saturnus means "the sower" — and led them out of savagery; his reign was the golden age of prosperity and universal peace. The Saturn myth thus combines the most barbarous and most civilized elements of human behavior.

DALTIMORE — The miraculous Voyager-2 is now long past Saturn, and despite everything it and Voyager-1 have told us, the planet, say the astronomers in Pasadena, is more mysterious than ever. This apparently comes as a surprise to scientists. To a student of the sky and named the planets after their gods, they saw Kronos-Saturn as an anomaly. The other their planets — Mercury, Venus, Mars and Jupiter, to give them their Roman names — were Olympians, the generation of deities who still the heavens. But Saturn was a generation older in fact the faa generation older, in fact the father of the other four planets. Saturn was always felt to be categori-

Black Bile

This interpretation was reinforced by a fortuitous linguistic fact: Saturn's Greek name, Kronos, and the Greek for "time." chronos, are nearly identical. The myth of Saturn therefore became an allegory of time: He is the god of agriculture because we mature through time; he devours his chil-dren because time also destroys what it creates. The modern personification of Father Time, an old man in classical dress carrying a sickle preserves the ancient Saturn - although the sickle, which originally implied the fruitfulness of agriculture, has ironically become symbolic of death. Astrologically ambiguous, too,

Saturn presides over the melan-When the Greeks mythologized cholic temperament, with its tend-

encies toward both genius and suicide. To the ancients, all this was not myth but science: Saturn in classical physiology controlled the body's supply of black bile, the melancholic humor. Such a genius had a bright side, too, and he was the patron of philosophy as well as In the Renaissance he became the patron especially of artists. To

the ancients, the artist's god was Mercury — swift, witty, inventive — but the Renaissance invested artists with the philosopher's gen-ius, and therefore with his melancholy as well. Saturn's renaissance was brief.

Saturn's renaissance was brief.

By the 17th century, artistic melancholy had given way to an outgoing, worldly, even political style.

Rubens negotiated Charles I's peace with Spain: The King saw his favorite painter as a genius, and therefore and therefore as imminently rational and reliable. By the middle of the 17th centu-

ry, the ancient creator and destroyhad all but been laid to rest. With the naming of Uranus late in the 18th century, Saturn lost even his seniority - to his own father.

Stephen Orgel, professor of Eng-lish at the Johns Hapkins University, contributed this article to The New York Times.

Herald Tribune

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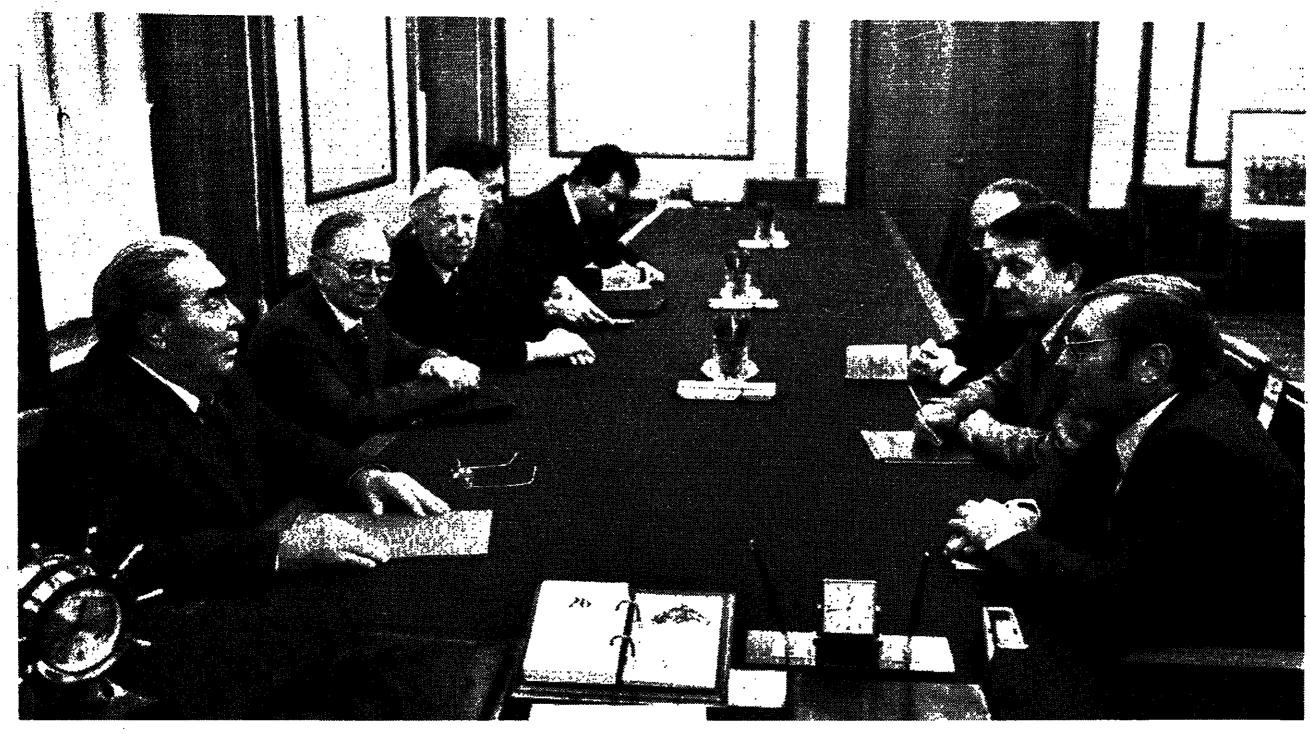
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On the eve of Brezhnev's visit to Bonn



In the Kremlin, October 26.

On the left: Leonid Brezhnev with Andrej Alexandrov, Leonid Zamyatin, Valentin Falin and stenographer. Right: SPIEGEL-publisher Rudolf Augstein, editor-in-chief Johannes K. Engel and foreign editor Dieter Wild.

Brezhnev in an interview with DER SPIEGEL: "Put yourselves in our place..."

LEONID BREZHNEY RECEIVES +DER SPIEGEL+ OFFICIALS

MOSCOW OCTOBER 26 TASS GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE CPSU

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, PRESIDENT OF THE PRESIDIUM OF THE USSR SUPREME
SOVIET LEONID BREZHNEY TODAY RECEIVED IN THE KREMLIN THE
PUBLISHER OF THE WEST GERMAN MAGAZINE +DER SPIEGEL+ RUDOLF
AUGSTEIN, EDITOR-IN-CHIEF JOHANNES ENGEL AND HEAD OF THE
EDITORIAL BOARD'S FOREIGN DEPARTMENT D. WILDT, AND HAD A
CONVERSATION WITH THEM WHICH PRSSED IN A FRIENDLY ATMOSPHERE.
ASSISTANT OF THE GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE CPSU CENTRAL

COMMITTEE ANDREI ALEXANDROY, HEAD OF THE FOREIGN INFORMATION DEPARTMENT OF THE CPSU CENTRAL COMMITTEE LEGNID ZAMYATIN AND DEPUTY HEAD OF THE FOREIGN INFORMATION DEPARTMENT OF THE CPSU CENTRAL COMMITTEE VALENTIN FALIN TOOK PART IN THE CONVERSATION.

ITEM ENDS +++++++

4533

This week in DER SPIEGEL

Time

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"The DC-9 Super 80 cuts a cool 30% off our fuel bill. No wonder we doubled our order." Paul C. Barkley

Paul C. Barkley
President
Pacific Southwest Airlines

"The Super 80 looked good on paper. But it looks even better in practice.

"During its first six months of operations, the Super 80 proved that each airliner will save us more than \$1 million a year in fuel costs compared with aircraft it replaces.

"Flying an average of 5.2 legs a day, the Super 80 has also proved its dependability with a dispatch reliability record that's running 97.3%. And we think

that's remarkable for a new aircraft.

"Surely a big share of credit has to go to that Pratt & Whitney JT8D-200 engine because it offers the best of both worlds—the technology that means sizable fuel savings, and the maturity that means low maintenance costs and high reliability.

"Nothing says more about our attitude toward the Super 80 than one simple fact: We've increased our order from 13 to 27 aircraft."



ridge sa

w Populais

Page 9 Tuesday, November 3, 1981 **R

Hahn to Replace Schmuecker as VW Fights Fall in Profits

BONN — Volkswagen, struggling to reverse a troubling unge in profits, said Monday it had chosen Carl H. Hahn, net of West Germany's largest tiremaker, as its new chair-

Mr. Hahn, 55-year-old chairman of Continental Gum-iwerke, is to succeed Toni Schmuecker, 60, who resigned anday due to ill health. He suffered a heart attack June 11. A spokesman said Volkswagen's five-man presiding ourd will propose the appointment of Mr. Hahn to a survisory board meeting Nov. 13. The move is regarded as a

Monday's announcement represents the latest in a series top management changes at Volkswagen, which has had

rious problems at home and abroad this year.
Finance director Friederich Thomee resigned late last tonth after criticism of losses by Triumph-Adler, the type-riter and computer subsidiary of which he was chairman nul September. He was largely responsible for the 1979 equisition of Triumph-Adler from Litton Industries. There was also speculation that Mr. Thomée resigned out

f disappointment at not having been considered to succeed 4r. Schmuecker. Mr. Thomée took over the day-to-day run-ing of Volkswagen after Mr. Schmuecker's heart attack.

Triumph-Adler Chairman Gerd Weers resigned earlier ny insiders blamed for a 1971 profit slump, and sharp divi-this year and the subsidiary announced Monday he will be succeeded by Peter Niedner, chief executive of an engineer-

Volkswagen reported its first loss since 1975 in this year's second quarter - 28 million Deutsche marks - due to losses by Triumph-Adler and the group's Brazilian subsidiary, and poor sales in Germany and the United States. Group profits fell to 321 million DM last year, down almost 52 percent from 1979. Sources have said the group is likely to break even this year.

Inside Knowledge

Mr. Hahn's deep inside knowledge of the Wolfsburg-based company, where he worked for 18 years before moving to Conti Gummi in 1973, made him the favorite to

acceed Mr. Schmuecker. He began his career at the Italian car giant Fiat and joined Volkswagen as head of its export department before becoming president of the company's U.S. subsidiary, Volkswagen of America, for five years.

After returning to West Germany in 1964, he rose to be anaging board member with responsibility for sales.
But criticism of Volkswagen's sales policy, which compafrom 1972 to 1974. led to his resignation.

ه یکنامن برمهل

Mr. Hahn joined Conti Gummi the year after it had re-corded its first loss since World War II. He started a radical program of management changes, structural reorganization and layoffs which cut the work force to 18,300 last year from 23,400 on his arrival.

The company returned to profit in 1975 and last year was able to pay its first dividend to shareholders since 1971.

Mr. Hahn is known to enjoy the support of Volkswagen's trade unions and of leading local politicians — both of which are represented on the firm's supervisory board.

The presiding board which selected him is made up of the chairmen of Volkswagen's supervisory board and works council, the head of West Germany's main engineering un-

ion IG Metall, and two members of the state government of

Lower Saxony, which has a 20-percent stake in the compa-

ny.

Mr. Schmuecker was credited with pushing a new model line through its final stages, and helping Volkswagen rebound in 1976 from losses the two preceding years, reaching a peak profit level of 667 million DM in 1979.

From Agency Dispatches

NEW YORK — Prices on the
New York Stock Exchange posted
broad gains in heavy trading Mon-

day, continuing Friday's strong rally amid anticipation of further

declines in interest rates.

Most major U.S. banks, includ-

ing Citibank, Morgan Guaranty, Chase Manhattan, Chemical Bank,

Manufacturers Hanover and Bank

of America, cut their prime lend-

ing rate to 17½ percent from 18 percent, matching the level set Fri-day by Continental Illinois Na-

Wall Street economists had pre-

dicted a widespread decline in the

rate on business loans to the

bank's best-risk customers after

late Friday to cut its discount rate

to 13 percent from 14 percent. The

discount rate is the interest the

central bank charges for loans to

Dow Jones industrial average,

which jumped 19.60 points Friday, soared 14.27 points to close at 866.82. Advances led declines, 13

to 3, and the NYSE turnover

swelled to 65.10 million shares

from 58.56 million Friday, the bu-

Prices on credit markets in New

York also moved broadly and

sharply higher aided by expecta-tions the Federal Reserve may be signaling another easing in mone-tary policy, dealers said.

Although the view is not widely

held, prices began to advance after the New York Federal Reserve

siest session in four months.

the Federal Reserve Board's move

tional Bank & Trust.

financial institutions.



Carl H. Hahn

Major Banks Reduce Prime Rate to 17½ %

Dealers noted that after opening

little changed, the markets strengthened on investor interest

not only in the three new Treasury

issues being auctioned this week

but also in outstanding issues and

was coming from accounts that

have been outside the market for

the 14-percent range for most of

the day, down from more than 15

percent two weeks ago, but rose again late Monday to 15½ percent.

Federal funds were trading in

some time.

Stock Prices Rally 14.27 on Wall Street;

Marathon Oil Acts To Block Mobil

FINDLAY, Ohio — A U.S. district court in Cleveland has temporarily blocked Mobil from proceeding with its bid to buy as many as 40 million shares of Marathon Oil's common stock.

Marathon said Monday.

Marathon has launched an anti-trust suit to block Mobil's offer of \$85 a share in cash for up to 67 percent of the outstanding Marathon's shares. Mobil offer, including a subsequent acquisition of the rest of Marathon's shares through an exchange of 30-year debentures, is valued at \$5.1 billion. Mobil later asked two federal district court judges in Cleveland

and Ford announced that car production was down in October from

the year ago period. GM said its

production was 315.618 compared

with last year's 394,013. Ford said its output was 123,620 cars com-pared with 144,499 last year.

On the NYSE-trading floor, energy, technology and blue chip is-

Gainers on the active list includ-

ed Exxon, up 1/4 to 301/2, IBM, 11/4

to 52%, Tandy, 1% to 37%, GM,

sues dominated trading.

Marathon briefly resumed trading Monday on the New York Stock Exchange with 501,000 shares trading at 88, up 20% from Friday when trading was halted. But trading was halted due to an influx of orders with Marathon trading at 90.

for a hearing on the possible disso-lution of the restraining order, is-

sued Sunday night and set to ex-

In Washington, a Justice De-partment spokesman said the Fed-

eral Trade Commission will inves-

tigate Mobil's proposed acquisi-

tion of Marathon. The spokesman said the final decision on which

agency should examine the pro-

posed acquisition was made after

discussions between the FTC and

the Justice Department's antitrust

pire Nov. 10

Marathon said its board of di-rectors at a meeting Saturday re-jected the offer, saying it was "not in the best interests of the compa-ny or its shareholders" and was advised by First Boston Corp. that

the offer is "grossly inadequate."

The company added that the board determined that Mobil's offer raises major antitrust and other public policy issues that make suc-cessful completion of the offer highly problematical.

Meanwhile, the Dallas Times-Herald reported that Marathon's single largest stockholder, SEDCO Oil of Dallas, is opposing Mobil's

In a report to the Securities and Exchange Commission filed Mon-day, Marathon said its board is considering purchases of its own stock, the sale of additional securities or the business combination

with another company to defeat

the takeover bid.

Factory Orders in U.S. Down 0.9%; Construction Spending Also Declines

gain late Monday to 15½ percent.
In another sign of the lagging

day repurchase agreement, they U.S. economy, General Motors said.

WASHINGTON — New orders received by U.S. manufacturers fell 0.9 percent in September to a seasonally adjusted \$169.15 billion, the Commerce Department reported Monday.

The drop follows a 1.5-percent decline in August, revised from a 1.9-percent fall.

The department also said construction spending is September fell 0.4 percent to a seasonally adjusted \$231.6 billion annual rate. September's decrease followed a revised decline of 0.9 percent in August. Initially, the department said construction spending fell 1.6

percent in August. Despite the declines, construc-

tion spending in September was 3.1 percent higher than a year earlier.

The department said that the entire decline in September factory orders was attributable to a \$1.6 billion, or 1.8-percent, drop in durable goods orders to \$85.75 bil-lion. A \$1.48-billion decline in orders for transporation equipment accounted for most of the downturn in durable goods orders. New orders for non-durable

goods rose 0.1 percent. Factory inventories rose 1.1 percent — the largest one-month increase since a 1-percent rise in February. Factory shipments de-clined 0.8 percent, while the the backlog of unfilled orders, which rose 0.2 percent in August, fell 0.2 ARGENTINE REPUBLIC

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U.S.-European Row Seen on Top OECD Post

By Paul Lewis

New York Times Service PARIS - A diplomatic row is brewing between Western Europe and the Reagan administration over who will be the next secretary general of the Organization for Eco-Cooperation and Development when Emile Van Lennep retires from the post next

According to diplomatic sources, U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. wants the job to go to Myer Rashish, assistant secretary of state for economic and business affairs, whom he is reported eager to dislodge from his present State Department post fol-lowing a policy disagreement between the

The Reagan administration has not yet formally proposed Mr. Rashish for the post, and European diplomats say they have only learned of the plan to do so in private conversations with American officials. But an opposition movement is already developing, particularly among the smaller Europe-an countries, which feel the job should con-tinue to be held by a European, as it has been in the past.

The smaller European nations, which are not invited to the annual Western economic summit meetings, value the OECD as the only place where they have a chance to influence U.S. economic policy through direct contact with the American officials involved, and they say that for this reason the organization should be run by someone they themselves appoint.

There is opposition to the idea of the job being given to an official of the Reagan ad-ministration, whose disregard for European criticism of its tight money policies is felt by many OECD governments to be the antithesis of the kind of cooperative economic policy-making the organization is supposed to

In addition, there is resentment in Europe that Mr. Haig apparently would offer such an important international post as compensation to someone he wants to get rid of as a result of a domestic disagreement. "Getting fired by the secretary of state is hardly a qualification for the post," said one European ambassador to the OECD.

Unanimous Vote Required

A further European argument is that the United States already has its share of important international economic jobs, since, by tradition, it has always nominated the president of the World Bank. Since the secretary general must be unanimously approved

by the 24 OECD member governments, only one dissenting vote would be needed to stop Mr. Rashish from getting the post.

Meanwhile, European OECD members are trying to agree on a credible alternative candidate. Diplomats report strong support for Otto Lambers the West Georges or on the control of the New York Comments. for Otto Lambsdorff, the West German economics minister, who is said to be "very interested" in the post. However, it is unclear whether domestic political problems might arise if he were to leave the German Cabinet in time to take the post. Another contender

is Filippo Maria Pandolfi, the former Italian treasury minister.

European officials say both men would bring a degree of political power to the post as a result of their lengthy ministerial experi-ence — power which has been lacking under Mr. Van Lennep, a former senior Dutch civil servant,

Such strong political leadership, many officials say, would help rebuild the authority of the OECD's large secretariat, which tries to encourage member governments to pursue coordinated and compatible economic poli-cies. In recent years the OECD secretariat's credibility has suffered, as member govern-ments, fearing a refueling of inflation, have refused to accept the secretariat's plan to end world recession through selective reflation of the stronger Western economies.

Meanwhile, a number of other OECD countries have put forward candidates of their own. Sweden has suggested Commerce Minister Staffan Burgenstam Linder. Belgium has proposed Deputy Premier José
Desmarais. The Danish government wants
the job for Economics Minister Ivar Norgaard, while France has put forward Jean Ripert, a former assistant economic planning

commissioner and now a senior UN official. When Mr. Van Lennep's last term expired two years ago, the OECD member countries were unable to agree on an alternative candidate. As a result, Mr. Van Lennep was re-nominated for an unprecedented third fiveyear term, with the understanding that he would serve two and one-half years of it.

Baldridge Says U.S. Ready to Act on Steel Issue

sheet total expanded to 17.8 billion said the losses were due to

WASHINGTON — The Commerce Department is "willing and ready" to file dumping and subsimakers as soon as the U.S. steel ndustry can show that it is being njured by the unfair trading pracices, Commerce Secretary Mal-

rohn Baldrige said Monday. The steel industry may be able to present its proof "very quickly", possibly by the end of the month. Mr. Baldrige said. "As soon as (the teel companies) tell us they can prove injury, we will self-initiate" countervailing duty and dumping

Dumping requires proof of inju-y to the domestic industry by the

BERN, Switzerland — Banque Populaire Suisse, the fourth-largest Swiss bank, disclosed Monday

night it had incurred "considerable

A press statement said the losses oroed it to make available a total of 139 million Swiss francs (\$77.2 million) from its hidden reserves.

It said that its 1981 earnings will decline and that the dividend, which was 70 Swiss francs on the

500-frank nominal share last year, would be cut "substantially."

The Swiss Federal Banking

Commission, the government's watchdog body, said the interests of Banque Populaire's creditors were "not jeopardized" and that

its capital and open reserves were

left "intact." The bank's balance

announced Monday.

osses" in silver trading.

complaints must show the U.S. industry was hurt because imports were subsidized by their governments. Both types of cases are investigated by the International Trade Commission and the Commerce Department and could resolve the commerce Depa sult in stiff duties levied on the im-

Mr. Baldrige told reporters after testifying before the House Ways and Means trade subcommittee that before Commerce takes any action against the Europeans they must be sure they have a strong case. Nobody — they or we wants to bring a case and not win

Banque Populaire Discloses Silver Losses

from U.S. competitors, and helped U.S. firms' profits decline.

consequences."

To prove injury an industry must show that imports were dumped, took away market share

The two largest U.S. steelmakers, U.S. Steel Corp. and Bethlehem Steel Corp., who have been the most vocal in their war against European steel, recently reported an improvement in third quarter

Mr. Baldrige said likely targets vious third quarter.

Swiss francs last year with a for-eign share of almost 20 percent.

The announcement came after

the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission barred the

bank from trading on U.S. com-modity markets for 90 days. The CFTC cited the bank's refusal to

provide information concerning silver futures positions held by the bank's customers on U.S. com-

Last July. a Saudi investor, Mahmoud Fustok, filed a \$387.5-

million lawsuit in New York against the bank over alleged loss-es in silver trading in 1979. In turn,

Mr. Fustok to recover outstanding

debts that were not specified. Monday night's press statement

modity exchanges.

said, was Europe's No. 1 trade problem with the United States.

Last August, steel imports were 62 percent higher than a year earli-

COMPANY REPORTS

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in loca

ilver Losses	COLLEGES OURSE	Omerwise in	acoreo.
uvei Lusses	Japan		
said the losses were due to a	SI	harp	
"unique incident" at its Geneva	1st Holf	1987	1980
branch involving silver transac-	Revenue	293,180.	246,530.
tions by several customers who	Profits	9,540.	8,020.
"got into difficulties" when silver	United States	5	
prices collapsed. It said the bank	Gre	yhound	
granted them large dollar credits	3rd Quar.	1981	1988
against their silver holdings.	Revenue	1.260.	1,260
The statement said there had	Profits	43.93	43.45
been no illegal activities on the	Per Shore	0.97	0.98
Deen no meka activities on the	9 months	1981	1980
part of its employees but that it led	Revenue	3.520.	3.510.
to "organizational and personnel	Profits	105.63	85.15
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Hong Kong Firm to Acquire Host International

BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS

Delivery of the planes is to begin in 1984. The Beirut-based airline also took an option on 14 of the wide-bodied, twin-engined planes. The purchase is being financed 80 percent by British, French and West German government funds and 20 percent by private banks, MEA officials said. MEA's business has picked up in recent months after a 69-percent drop earlier this year due to the deteriorating situation in Leba-

ME.4 Places \$350 Million Order for 5 Airbuses From Agency Dispatches PARIS - Middle East Airlines has signed a \$350-million order for five A-310 airbuses, and has taken an option on 14 others, Airbus-Industrie

SANTA MONICA. Calif. - Host International, which operates food, beverage and merchandise concessions in hotels and airports, will be acquired by a private Hong Kong corporation for \$116.8 million, a Host spokesman said Monday. The agreement in principle calls for the cash purchase by DFS Group

1.td. of all 4.8 nullion shares of Host's outstanding common stock at 524.25 a share, company spokesman Nelson Fitch said. The transaction, which is to be structured as a cash merger with a subsidiary of DFS Group Ltd., is subject to the approval of a definitive agreement of the Host hoard of directors and the Host stockholders, he said.

For the first nine months of 1981, Host carned \$2.3 million, or 47 cents a share, on sales of \$300.3 million.

Upjohn Anti-Anxiety Drug Approved by FDA

KALAMAZOO, Mich. — Unjohn's anti-anxiety drug Xanax has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, the company said

Upjohn said 10 years of tests show Xanax reduces anxiety more effectively and with fewer side effects than Valium, the most widely presembed anti-anxiety medication.

CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for Nov. 2, 1981, excluding bank service charges.

mits needed to buy one pound. (*) Units of 100. (x) Units of 1,000.



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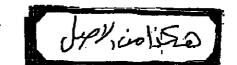
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which is washing into 2 billion tons yearly. Dams can help... and so can we. U.S. #1 in cement Lone Star Industries. Inc. One Greenwich Plaza, Greenwich, CT 06830

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Massive Dam Project Set to Start In W. Africa After Years of Study

By Thomas Kamm

Geografia (1985)

rnstional Herald Tribione DAKAR, Sénegal — One of Africa's most ambitions — and conrica's most amoutous—and con-troversial—regional development projects, a three-nation scheme to tharness the Senegal River and halt the advance of the Sahara desert, will finally begin this month after decades of feasibility studies and decades or record faire starts.

The project, involving two dams, should turn Mauritania, Senegal and Mali, the three drought-ridden and Mali, the three drought-indeal countries grouped within the Sene-gal River Development Organization (known by its French acronym OMVS), into surplus food

The construction of a dam near the Senegalese village of Diama, in the Senegal River Delta, is sheduled to start this month. The dam will allow irrigation of the fertile delta region and stem the penetration of sea water onto the fields in the delta.

Work on the second dam, 930 kilometers (560 miles) upstream in Manantali, on the Bafing tributary in Mali, is planned to begin in ear-ly 1982, said OMVS officials. This dam will regulate the flow of the river, which dries up three months of the year, to allow navigation on the river from the Senegalese port of Saint-Louis, on the Atlantic Ocean, to the Malian town of Kayes, giving landlocked Mali an outlet on the sea.

Hydroelectricity

The dam will also provide for irrigation and generate hydroelectri-city for the extraction of mineral resources in eastern Senegal and potential resources in Mali. Both dams are scheduled to be complet-

The agricultural and industrial

employment for the 1.6 million persons living in the river basin.

The dams will also supply fresh

Moreover, some development drinking water to urban areas.

The first stage of the plan calls for the irrigation of 375,000 hectars, which will allow two regular harvests a year instead of the present uncertain and low-yielding crops dependant on sparse rainfall and receeding flood water. Eventually, 800,000 hectars will be irrigated during the next 50 years.

While Omar Ba, OMVS director of investments, said member states look to the project as "a means of escaping underdevelopment. Western and international aid organizations have expressed doubts as to the necessity of so costly and large a project and worry about its disrupting social and environmental effects.

\$2-Billion Price Tag

The two dams alone will cost \$736 million and related irrigation and infrastructure projects will bring the total cost of the project to nearly \$2 billion. Two years ago, the dams cost \$550 million, and a recent report noted that inflation pushes the price tag up 0.8 percent

Saudi Arabia has contributed \$150 million to the project. Other major donors are Knwait (\$100 million.) West Germany (\$98 million.) France and Abu Dhabi (\$70 million each.) OMVS member states are contributing \$40.3 million, or 5 percent of the cost of the dams, built by French, Spanish and West German companies.

Although the loans are on very favorable terms, (many of them have 50-year maturities, 10 years of grace and interest rates of 3 to 4 The agricultural and industrial percent), economists wonder how aims of the project should provide the three countries, which already

aid experts question the need for the dams. "A lot can be done before building dams," an official of an international aid institution said. Others wonder whether two dams are necessary. They point to West German study that said that the flow from the Manantali dam was sufficient to prevent the advance of sea-water and suggest that both dams are being built so that each member of the OMVS can feel it is getting something out of the scheme. "One of the dams is a trade-off," a diplomat said.

'Vital Problem'

OMVS officials concede that some of these arguments are valid, but countered Mr. Ba, "The vital problem in the Sahel is to have control over water ... We can't be sure that there will always be water if we don't build the dams."

The three member countries seek different uses from the dams Senegal is interested mainly in irrigation and hydroelectric power, Mali in navigation and hydroelectricity and Mauritania in irrigation — and both dams are necessary to satisfy these needs, officials say.

"The cost is high compared to the economic and financial situa-tion of the member countries," Mr. Ba admitted. "Is it because we have little money that we should fold our arms or should we con-tract a debt?" asked Sheikh Bati Ould Benani, OMVS director of planning and coordination. "When food self-sufficiency is attainable, we must make an effort," said Abdallahi Hamdinou, the OMVS representative in Saint-Louis. " How long can we remain dependent?"



Atlantic

These officials are aware of the

question, they refer to a report by the U.S. Agency for International Development on the scheme's environmental impact. The report states. The benefits to be derived from the OMVS development program by the citizens of the Senegal River basin far outweigh the ad-

Ouestion of Priorities

to be concerned about the disappearance of some fish species, but what about the people who are dy-ing of hunger? The project can give us food self-sufficiency."

The scheme will involve the displacement of 10,000 persons, but its ultimate aim is to arrest the drift of people away from the val-ley. Some aid officials even suggest that France and West Germany are interested in the project be-cause it allows them to revitalize their construction industry with Arab funds and to induce migrant workers in their countries to return

Ocean

U.K. Reported Studying EMS Plan

LONDON - Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has ordered a review of British policy on the Eu-ropean Monetary System of linked exchange rates for discussion by senior ministers and advisers next week, official sources said Mon-

day.

They said Britain is closer to full membership in the system than at any time since its creation two and a half years ago.

Although Mrs. Thatcher is still against participation in the EMS, powerful political arguments in favor of full membership are being put both inside the government and by Britain's EEC partners, they said.

The EMS was set up in March 1979 to provide a European zone of stability in a world of volatile exchange rates. It limits the extent to which its eight member currencies can fluctuate against each other, while floating against out-

Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir Geoffrey Howe said Monday: "It's finely balanced question, but I believe the disadvantages (of joining) outweigh the potential advan-

The main reason against membership, he said, was the British pound's tendency to be affected by

Bell Canada Coupon Set

ZURICH — Bell Canada's 100 million Swiss franc (\$54 million) maximum 12 year bond was given a 74 percent coupon and par pric-ing, lead manager Union Bank of Switzerland said Monday. The bond, to be floated on the Swiss capital market until Nov. 6, is the first for over a month by a foreign borrower to carry a coupon as low as 7¼ percent.

means it often moves in the opposite direction to EMS currencies such as the Deutsche mark.

Official sources said that this factor was possibly less important in the light of the OPEC price agreement reached recently in Geneva which offered the prospect of greater oil-price stability over the next 15 months by setting a unified price of \$34 a barrel until the end of 1982

EMS members must defend their currencies by intervening on the foreign exchanges when they breach the fluctuation limits. Until recently such intervention would have been incompatible with the British monetary policy.

But there has been a policy shift in London this year, and the exchange rate is more prominent in the authorities' day-to-day man-agement of financial markets. The official sources said this was one of

the reasons for the current review. Treasury calculations show that the cost of market interventions on Britain's reserves required by EMS membership would have been rela-tively small over the past nine months since the pound hit its peak against the dollar, they said.

The issue of full British membership of the EMS was broached at a meeting of EEC finance ministers here last weekend chaired by Sir Geoffrey, but the chancellor was resolutely silent, conference

Fire Halts London Trading

LONDON - Trading was halted for 30 minutes Monday morning on the London Metal Exchange and Coffee Market due to a fire in the basement of the build-

A recent analysis by the influen-tial London Business School for the Sunday Times newspaper said the beneficial impact on British in-flation of full EMS membership would be dramatic. Their findings, published Sunday, were that Britain's inflation rate would fall below 5 percent by 1984, but at some cost to output due to the need for

higher interest rates. Many British businessmen favor EMS membership as a means to currency stability after the gyra-tions seen on foreign exchange markets in response to high U.S. interest rates and successive oilprice increases, which they believe have had a damaging effect on ex-

Gill, Duffus Cut **Profit Forecast**

AP-Dow Jones

LONDON - Gill and Duffus Group has cut its pretax profit forecast for 1981 by £4 million (\$7.4 million) to £16 million, after its discovery of "substantial unauthorized trading in the Hong Kong subsidiary company with resulting losses," the commodity brokers

The Hong Kong losses were discovered after the group put out its interim statement Oct. 21, the company said, adding action has been taken to replace those re-sponsible for the losses and to make sure the unit continues trading and meets its contractual and financial obligations.

The company intends to recommended an earlier predicted final dividend of not less than 4.8 pence a share, to make an unchanged total payout for the year of 8.4

Italy to Start Queue System In International Borrowing

BOLOGNA, Italy — The Bank of Italy and the Treasury Ministry have agreed to set up a queue system to regulate the access of Italian borrowers to international cap-ital markets, Bank of Italy Governor Carlo Ciampi said.

He mentioned the system while addressing the annual meeting of the Italian Forex Club over the weekend, but gave no details.

But Bank of Italy officials said
Treasury Minister Beniamino An-

dreatta charged Mario Sarcinelli. the central bank deputy director-general, with the task of coordinating large loan issues, mainly by state sector borrowers. For the past two months the central bank has been monitoring Italian issues and advising poten-

overloading the markets with Italian paper, the officials said. They disputed recent press re-ports that some Italian borrowers had met resistance because of market misgivings over the volume of

tial borrowers on timing to avoid

issues already on offer. Unsolicited Proposals

"In fact, the very banks which complain loudest have been coming with unsolicited loan proposals, and getting turned away," one

official said. Last month's lapse of a \$500-million loan offer for the Italian state railways was not a failure by the railways but a failure by the banks to offer acceptable terms, he

Contacts are still taking place with various banks to revive the

loan project, he added.

Mr. Ciampi told the Forex Club
meeting that latest estimates indicate Italy's current account payments deficit this year will widen in line with previous official fore-casts to 11 prillion lire (\$9.166 billion) from 8.4 trillion last year.

Trade Deficit

On recent seasonally adjusted trends, the 1981 trade deficit is heading for a rise to 21 trillion lire from 18.7 trillion last year, he said.

The rise in the current account

deficit pushed up medium-and long-term bank borrowings to 8 trillion lire in the first 10 months this year from 5.7 trillion in the whole of 1980, Mr. Ciampi said.

Net medium- and long-term foreign currency loan exposure of the banking system rose to an estimated \$31 billion at the end of October from \$24 billion at the end of 1980. he said.

Short-term foreign debt of the hanking system fell to an estimated \$12.5 billion from \$16 billion in the same period, reflecting the cen-tral bank's January move to curb import credits in foreign currency.

But non-banking commercial

debt to foreign suppliers expanded after the imposition of the 30-percent import deposit requirement in

May.
"Overall, taking account of short-, medium- and long-term transactions, the financial position of the country has deteriorated

... excluding gold reserves, from a net credit position at end-1979 to approximate balance at end-1980 and a net debt position of about \$8 billion in October," the central

France Files Suit Against Paribas For Gold Transfer

AP-Dow Jones

PARIS - The French Customs Administration, as expected, filed a suit on Monday with a Paris tri-bunal charging the Banque de Par-is et des Pays-Bas with the illegal transfer of gold coins to Canada. Meanwhile, Paribas said Mon-

day that it has recently increased its direct stake in Sun Hung Kai, of Hong Kong, to 22 percent. Paribas acquired 2.5 percent of Sun Hung Kai's capital for 30 million Hong Kong dollars (\$5.1 million). Another 10 percent of Sun Hung Kai's capital is believed to be held by Paribos Swiss.

The suit follows a Budget Ministry communique issued last Friday and saying that Paribas had trans-ferred last year to Canada, on be-half of an unnamed French client, 35,000 gold coins valued 29 million francs (\$5,2 million). The charges are brought against both the client and the bank

A second suit charging the bank with having set up a network for the illegal transfer of funds to Switzerland for a large number of its French clients will be filed at a

later date, the communique said. The Paribas group, which is listed for nationalization, has been at the center of a controversy since its Swiss and Belgian subsidiaries es-caped nationalization.

Suez Agency to Seek Japanese Loans, Help

TOKYO - Mashhour Ahmed Mashhour, president of Egypt's Suez Canal agency, is scheduled to visit Japan on Nov. 16 to seek for the second phase of a canal expansion program, Foreign Minis-try officials said Monday.

Meanwhile, the Kyodo news agency said Egypt is seeking year credits equivalent to \$250 million

for the \$750-million program. The New SILVER SPUR SILVER SPIRIT Available now Paris delivery tax free FF 634.000.00 & 543.000.00 FRANCO BRITANNIC 21, avenue Kleber, Paris 16 500 85.19 25, rue P.-V. Couturier, 92300 Levallois

ecological repercussions of the project, such as the spread of the parasitic disease Bilharzia or the elimination of species of fish.

But when confronted with this

And said Sheikh Bati, "it's nice

home to the valley.

Despite these criticisms and cynical considerations, aid officials say that, whatever the cost of the project and the economic situation of the member states, construction of the dams "may prove to be a visionary move." The dams will allow regular rice, cereal and vegetable harvests in a region that imports 850,000 tons of cereals in a good year, according to Mr. Bati.

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Dividends Monday's New Highs and Low Canadian Indexes Zijlstra to Join RDP Board The Associated Press

AMSTERDAM — Jelle Zijlstra, who is to retire as president of the Dutch central bank Jan. 1, will be named to the supervisory board of Royal Dutch Petroleum, the Dutch division of Royal Dutch Shell, the company said Monday. He has served as the nation's economic minister, finance minister and me. minister, finance minister and pre-mier, and as president of the Bank **Selected Over-the-Counter**



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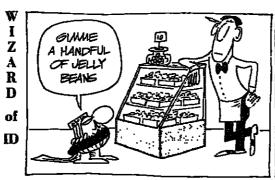




















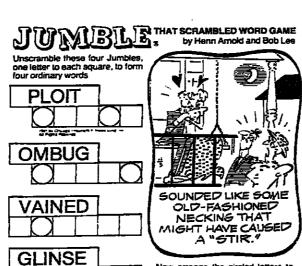








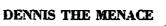


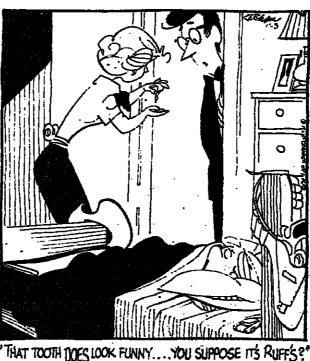


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BOOKS.

SOME SORT OF EPIC GRANDEUR The Life of F. Scott Fitzgerald

By Matthew J. Bruccoli. 640 pp. \$25. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 757 Third Avenue, New York 10017. Reviewed by Jonathan Yardley

MATTHEW J. BRUCCOLI, nev-er known as one to mince words, gets right to the point in the preface to "Some Sort of Epic Grandeur: "This volume is the third biography of Fitzgerald in English, in additional to the preface of the source o dition to shelves of reminiscences and critical studies. Its justification is that research has provided new evidence in the 20 years since the publication of Andrew Turnbull's "Scott Fitzgerald." I have corrected and augmented the record. When asked what is new in this biography. I reply, 'More

To a great extent, therefore, one's interest in this biography is going to depend on the extent of one's desire for "more facts." "Some Sort of Epic Grandeur" — surely one of the most elephantine titles ever to squat atop a literary biography — does not dis-place the earlier biographies by Turn-bull and Arthur Mizener. The latter's "The Far Side of Paradise" is both the pioneering Fitzgerald biography (it appeared three decades ago) and the book that started the Fitzgerald renaissance. Turnbull's "Fitzgerald" is one of the outstanding U.S. literary biographies, a beautifully written book that brings its subject wholly to life. Neither book is in any danger of disappearing into a dusty corner of the library shelves.

Why, then, read Bruccoli? Since he will not be read for psychiatric insight or literary style — he declines to at-tempt the former and he does not possess the latter - what is there in his long book to justify the reading and writing of it?

The answer — leaving aside the fascination of Fitzgerald that draws some of us to read anything about him — is twofold. In the first place, Bruccoli engages in some useful demythologizing; he feels that "the myth-making process that encapsulates Fitzgerald" has heightened the image of the riotous playboy while obscuring the serious writer, and he makes a yeomanly effort to set things back in balance. In the second place, he is right; he does have "more facts," some of them entirely trivial but others of genuine and arresting value.

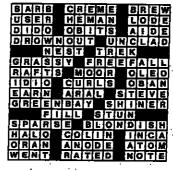
Over the years Bruccoli, who teaches English at the University of South Carolina and is a partner in a small but aggressive publishing firm, has been accused in various quarters of being the impresario behind a "Fitzgerald industry." The charge is not without merit, especially as it applies to his eagerness to edit and publish any scrap of Fitzgeraldiana, no matter how trivial; the distinction between scholarship and profit, when he is drawing it, is often impossible to discert

Heavy Emphasis on Money

Yet this obsessive interest in the minutiae of Fitzgerald's life does have its rewards, and they should not be minimized. To some it will seem merely pedantic that there is a heavy emphasis in this book on money, for example, to the extent of including an appendix that lists every nickel of Fitzgerald's income as he recorded it fect of this massive detail is instruc-tive and revealing; it demonstrates as nothing else can that Fitzgerald had to write short stories for the commercial magazines in order to underwrite the extravagant life that he and Zelda insisted upon living, with unclear but hardly salubrious effect upon his writing of novels.

Similarly, Bruccoli publishes extensive extracts from a recorded conver-sation that Scott and Zelda had with her doctor in the spring of 1933 in Baltimore. This conversation is nowhere mentioned by Mizener, ac-knowledged in passing by Turnbull, and quoted only in brief by Nancy Milford in "Zelda." Bruccoli, in his dogged way, reprints several pages of it — and thus allows us to judge its contents for ourselves. What we see is not pretty: a marriage falling to pieces in an atmosphere of bitterness and recrimination, tempered by an aching nostalgia for a lost love. At the time, Zelda had recently published her nov-el, "Save Me the Waltz," and Scott's comments to her in the presence of

Solution to Previous Puzzle



Dr. Thomas Rennie were unspeakably cruel:

"I did not care whether you were a writer or not if you were any good. It is a struggle. It has been a struggle to me. It is self-evident to me that no me. It is self-evident to me that no-body cares about anything. It is a per-fectly lonely struggle that I am mak-ing against other writers who are fine-ly gifted and talented. You are a third-rate writer and a third-rate bal-let dancer. . . If you want to write modest things you may be able to turn out one collection of short stories. For the rest, you are compared to me is just like comparing — well, there is just not any comparison. I am a pro-fessional writer with a hugh following I am the highest paid short story writ-er in till world."

Cruelty and arrogance aren't supposed to be parts of the Fitzgerald
myth, but they were central to the reality; Bruccoli makes no attempt to
disguise them. Not merely was
Fitzgerald incredibly indeed to Zelde or their martal troubles described. da as their marital troubles deepened but he was also boorish and inconsiderate to others. The myth of Scott dancing in the fountain at the Plaza and sipping champagne from a slipper must be balanced against the reality of Scott the hopeless drunk, fighting and barfing and howling into the

night:
William L. Shirer has reported a night when Fitzgerald showed up drunk at the Paris Tribune around midnight, where he sat at the copy desk and ripped up copy. He sang and insisted that the reporters join in. Shirer, James Thurber, and Eugene Jolas tried to take him home, but Fitzgerald insisted on touring the bars. When he passed out, they delivered him to the rue de Tilsitt, where he refused to go in and fought with the three of them until they carried him into his appartment. The wonder of this account and similar ones is that the people who had to handle a drunken Fitzgerald usually forgave his misconduct. His talent and charm often rescued him from social morasses he created."

That he got any work done at all in the circumstances is remarkable; that it includes some of the finest American prose of the century is a miracle. Yet if the drunkard is the dark side of the golden boy, the craftsman is the bright side of the drunkard. Fitzgerald was capable of prolonged periods of bard work and of an entirely workmanlike attitude. As Bruccoli observes of another misrepresentation in the Fitzgerald legend:
"The popular image of Fitzgerald

as a broken-down, forgotten failure in Hollywood [in the late '30s] is a distortion as well as a simplification. His life there had a quiet order when ac was not drinking. He knew that the movie work was unworthy of his genious and resented the power exercised over him by lesser men; but he earned an excellent salary at MGM and was proud that he was discharging his obligations."

In this respect as in many others. Bruccoli is a perceptive student of his subject. What he has to say about sense of social inferiority, his obsession with football heroism and his fear of latent homosexuality - to name but three - seems to be entirely accurate. Yet there is a real strangeness to the book. Bruccoli's own feelings about Fitzgerald are obviously intense and probably complicated, yet be writes about him with an utter absence of feeling. "Some Sort of Epic Grandeur" has the passion of a timetable; for all its thoroughness, it gives the reader little sense of Fitzgerald. little sense that Bruccoli has worked his way past "more facts" toward the mner man.

But that is not Bruccoli's style; he is

entitled to this distance that, for whatever reason, he prefers to maintain be-tween himself and his subject. His research is scrupulous and meticulous, and it will be surprising if a more thorough Fitzgerald biography is ever written. But a better-written one -Turnbull's - already has been. Bruccoli writes the way Howard Cosell talks. He says that Fitzgerald "regarded stories as a way to subvene nov-els"; he means "subvene" to be a sy-nonym for "subsidize," but in no dic-tionary that I possess is "subvene" acknowledged as an acceptable verb derived from "subvention." Similary, he says that Frizgerald "regarded Zelda and himself as eponymic figures," when the gist of the passage makes clear that the word he wants is "emblemente"."

Careless writing in the name of F. Scott Fitzgerald hardly is appropriate, but careless writing is par for the course on the campuses these days. In the end Bruccoli's shortcomings are of less consequence than the honesty of less consequence than the honesty of his research.

Jonathan Yardley is resident critic at The Washington Post's Book World.

> NORTH **♦**A7632

By Alan Truscott:

BRIDGE.

ON the diagramed deal West was in an unusual position. He knew everything about the declarer's hand. but practically nothing about the North-South used a modern relay

system, and every action in the auc-tion had a conventional meaning. When the auction was over West asked for and received a detailed explanation. South had described 2-6-1-4 distribution with minimum values. He had also shown exactly four con-trols, together with either both major-

trols, together with either both majorsuit kings or two minor-suit kings.

West led a trump and declarer easiity drew trumps and established
spades, using diamonds as an entry to
the good spades. When this suit split
evenly he claimed the grand slam.

If the spades had not been so kind,
he would have led his remaining
trumps in the hope that a squeeze
would develop for the 13th trick.

When the hand was over, West discovered he could have beaten the com-

covered he could have beaten the contract with a diamond lead, prematurely removing a vital entry to dummy.

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East Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass 3**♠** 4◊ Pass. Passe Pass West led the heart five.

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Cowboy Rally Defeats Eagles

Bills 22. Browns 13

back Joe Ferguson completed

touchdown pass plays of 58, 15

and 60 yards to running back Joe

NFL ROUNDUP

Cribbs, powering Buffalo over

Cleveland, 22-13. Ferguson, who

now has 19 TD passes on the year,

threw for 297 yards. Cribbs had

163 yards on five receptions and ran for another 85. The Bills inter-

cepted two Brian Sipe passes and sacked him six times. Cribbs' was

the second-best receiving perform-

ance in team history by a running back. Wray Carlton caught 177

yards worth of passes in a game in 1960, the first year of the

Jets 26, Giants 7

ley Walker caught a 39-yard pass

for a touchdown and set up three

of Pat Leahy's four field goals with key receptions to help the New

York Jets keep their playoff hopes

alive with a 26-7 trouncing of the

New York Giants The lets sacked

Giant quarterback Phil Simms

nine times and Darrol Ray iced the

game by returning an interception

64 yards for a touchdown with 4:16 left.

Falcons 41, Saints 10

In New Orleans, quarterback

Steve Bartkowski threw scoring

passes of 48, 60 and 47 yards to Alfred Jenkins as Atlanta bombed

the Saints, 41-10. Jenkins' 11 TD

catches for the season is a Falcon

record. Linebacker Buddy Curry

had 12 tackles in leading a defense that completely stymied New Or-

leans running back George Rogers.

Rogers had gone into the game with 859 yards rushing, second in

the league only to Tony Dorsett of

7 2 8 200 154 5 4 9 261 172 3 4 9 214 193 2 7 6 108 204

NFL Standings

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Atlanta 41, New Orleans 19 Miami 27, Saltimore 10

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MAL CONFERENCE

In East Rutherford, N.J., Wes-

In Orchard Park, N.Y., quarter-

PHILADELPHIA — Quartersack Danny White hit Doug Cossack Da sack Danny White hit Doug Cosnic on a 17-yard scoring pass and ony Dorsett ran 9 yards for an-ther touchdown to highlight a curth-period comeback as Dallas lefeated the Eagles, 17-14, in a Vational Football Conference

The state of the s

and the state of t

> same here Sunday. Both teams are 7-2 in the NFC inst; they meet again, in Dallas,

After Rafael Septien's field goal tave the Cowboys a 3-0 second-quarter lead, the Eagles went shead, 14-3, on a 2-yard TD run y Wilbert Montgomery and an 5-yard scoring pass from Ron laworski to wide receiver Harold Carmichael.

Philadelphia had an opportunity o win - or at least to send the into overtime -- when it irove from its own 10-yard line to i first down at the Cowboy 16 with 2:06 remaining. But a running play and two incomplete passes stalled he drive before Tony Franklin was wide to the left on a 34-yard

ield goal attempt.
With 5:20 remaining in the third juarter, Dallas took the kickoff ollowing Carmichael's TD and frove 75 yards in 14 plays, capped by the White-to-Cosbie pass. After he Cowboys kicked off, Jaworski was sacked twice, putting the ball at the Eagle 5. Philadelphia punted o its 39, and Dorsett scored the

vinner five plays later.
"It's a miscrable feeling when ou're behind," White observed. We always come out and play our est football when we're behind We've been doing it all year." Last week against Miami, the Cowboys were down 13 points with little nore than four minutes remaining and won, 28-27.

"The snap was good," said Franklin of his missed field goal. 'I just didn't hit it well. There's no way to explain it. Now I'm going to be labeled that I choked under pressure. There was no way I

"I'm probably the most popular zuy in Dallas right now."

Chargers 22, Chiefs 20 In San Diego, Rolf Benirschke's third field goal of the game, a 22-varder with 13 seconds remaining.

Dallas. Rogers carried 15 times Sunday for an average of 1.3 yards a carry; his season average is just West, Quarterback Dan Fouts under 5 yards per rush. took San Diego 70 yards for the Packers 34, Seahawks 24 winning score, the big play coming when — on 4th and 9 — he com-In Green Bay, Wis., David Whi-

pleted a 23-yard pass to Wes Chandler, putting the ball on the Chief 24-yard line.

tehurst, substituting for injured quarterback Lynn Dickey, threw three scoring passes and ran for another touchdown to pace the Packers' 34-24 victory over Seattle.

Raiders 27. Patriots 17

In Oakland, Calif., quarterback Marc Wilson, starting his third straight game in place of Jim Plunkett, threw a 14-yard scoring pass to Chiff Branch in the fourth period and defensive end Willie Jones ran 9 yards with a recovered fumble for an insurance TD with 1:22 left to carry the Raiders past New England, 27-17.

Rams 20, Lions 13

In Anaheim, Calif., running back Wendell Tyler ran 69 yards for one touchdown and scored from the I-yard line with 9:59 left as Los Angeles downed Detroit, 20-13.

Redskins 42, Cardinals 21

In Washington, running back John Riggins scored three times and quarterback Joe Theismann d for three other TDs as the Redskins buried St. Louis, 42-21. It was Washington's highest point total in more than six years. Cardi-nal quarterback Jim Hart passed for 305 yards, pushing his career total to 33,649 yards, third-best in NFL history behind Fran Tarkenton and John Unitas.



It was a long Sunday afternoon for Baltimore quarterback Bert Jones. Miami's Doug Betters easily rejected one of Jones' early pass attempts, and the Colts finally absorbed a 27-10 loss — their eighth in a row since an opening-day victory over New England.

In New York, Take a Crosstown Fuss

people from the peace-and-love generation flocked to the Yasgur

farm in upstate New York to at-tend the epic rock festival of their

lives. The reports from Woodstock

were on portable televisions and in

the Sunday newspapers as football

fans picnicked on the Yale campus

I remember writing a crowd sto-

ry from New Haven, feeling desolate at being in the wrong place at the wrong time. Joni Mitchell was

in Woodstock while football fans

grilling meathurgers were asking me if Henry Davis would ever

make a good middle linebacker. The Jets clobbered the Giants,

There was still a touch of head-

in-the-mnd for Sunday's game in the swamplands of New Jersey.

The prevailing logic was that the

Jets have more-traditional rivalries

with Buffalo or Miami, while the

Giants have more incentive for an-

nual opponents like Dallas or Phil-

adelphia. But the Giants needed

Sunday's game as a springboard to

their best season in eons; tickets

were impossible to obtain, mean-

ing that the fans knew something.

But the springboard, and the Gi-

Because of realignment and an

attempt to cut down expensive

travel, the Islanders and Rangers

will play each other eight times

this season. It is the best arrange-

ment for New Yorkers since the

Brooklyn Dodgers and New York Giants used to play each other 22

times a season. Hockey players,

not tied into the mind control of

pro football, acknowledge the ex-

The Knicks and Nets have per-

formed a massive service for New

York fans by making two trades

going into this season. Not since

Gain CFL Playoffs

MONTREAL - Rookie half-

back David Overstreet scored on a 7-yard run and a 26-yard touch-

down pass from Ken Johnson Sun-

day to power the Montreal

Alouettes to a 39-15 triumph over

the Ottawa Rough Riders and into the Canadian Football League's

Eastern Division playoffs.

The victory ended one of the

league's strangest races ever for a playoff berth. The Alonettes fin-

ished the season with a 3-13 mark, edging the 2-14 Toronto Argo-nants, who failed to win in their

season finale Saturday against

Montreal and Ottawa will play

Saturday to decide which will face

Hamilton for the eastern cham-

pionship. British Columbia will play at Winnipeg for the right to meet Edmonton for the eastern

Alouettes, 3-13,

citement of the rivalry.

ants, folded. The Jets romped, 26-

before the game.

of course, 37-14.

By George Vecsey
New York Times Service

NEW YORK - The New York Giants tried to downplay the New York Jet game, the first time they met, that summer of 1969. It seemed silly at the time, but Allie Sherman knew what he was doing.

The Jets were coming off an unexpected Super Bowl victory and the Giants were winding up a dec-ade of disintegration. The worst fears of the crowd at P.J. Clarke's, a Manhattan saloon, had come to pass: The new team from the other league had all the momentum for 5 3 8 188 197 .425 5 4 8 163 132 .556 4 5 0 210 190 .444 3 6 0 170 288 .333 2 7 8 136 218 .222

the first meeting ever.

Even though it was an exhibition game, to be played in the casserole of the Yale Bowl in August, it was obviously a game that would inflame New York football fans. But in the brooding Giant camp in Fairfield, Conn., the official word was that this was just another game. The name "Jets" was about as welcome in Giant camp as Communist China was in the Unit-

ed Nations in those days.

This ostrich mentality flew against all the sporting history of New York, where baseball fans bad argued Mickey, Willie and the Duke in luncheonettes in the 1950s, and sometimes a basketball game would break out during college punchouts at Madison Square

Nowadays New Yorkers have recent crosstown rivalries that count in the standings; Rangers-Islanders on the Long Island Rail Road, Knicks-Nets for the championship of the Lincoln Tunnel.

No Thanks

But in 1969 New York had the Yankees sulking in disgrace while the Mets renewed all that old National League passion, but those teams never met when it counted. The Jets-Giants exhibition that August revived all the New York center-field controversy: Namath vs. Tarkenton, bad boy vs. good -

if you believed the images.

Sherman was the Giant coach that hot and humid summer, and he wanted no part of a crosstown rivalry, wen though he had played for Brooklyn College and could remember what it was like to take the field against City College. Sherman was under pressure to win a lot of games quickly that

But he knew what kind of bod-

ies he had in camp.
Players would disappear in the middle of the night and new ones would materialize at dawn; scarred old rejects who would wobble through a week of tryouts and then mysteriously "retire." Sherman had to send this army of the lost against the Super Bowl champions. He could not afford to inflame any Jets with rhetoric about a big

The first Jet-Giant game took place on the weekend of Woodstock. Hundreds of thousands of

NBA Standings **TASTERN CONFERENCE**

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Hittienst Hockey League CALGARY-Sept Eric Vell, forward, to Oklo-

bains City of the Central Hockey Legisle.

N.Y. RANGERS—Recalled John Venties-brooks, beatenay, from South 31, Maris of the Orderio Johlor Hockey Legisle.

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entract of Ottows Nov. 15 (Septimets)

Leo Durocher jumped from managing the Dodgers to the Giants in 1948 and Sal Maglie stepped into the Dodger clubhouse in 1956 has

there been anything like it here. The first trade, Mike Woodson for Mike Newlin, was good enough on its own — a fine young player for an aging shooter. But the sec-ond, Ray Williams for Maurice Lucas, will be scrutinized all win-

Both teams knew they could be embarrassed by the consequences. Lucas could be the Dave De-Busschere of the '80s - the catalyst for the Knicks. And Williams could prosper under Larry Brown into the awesome guard he never quite became on 33d Street.

Even the World Series had a touch of a metropolitan rumble. There are no more Brooklyn Dodgers, but Tom Lasorda pitched eight games for Brooklyn in 1954-55, and Steve Garvey's father once drove the old Dodgers' bus. Garvey still wears a blue Brooklyn Dodger T-shirt under his Los Angeles uniform.

How many New Yorkers secretly had Brooklyn scripted across their hearts last week as the Dodgers played against the hired Hessians belonging to the man from Cleveland? You don't have to answer out loud. Your heart knows.

USOC: Right Track at Last

Los Angeles Times Service COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo. - The U.S. Olympic Committee once functioned as a New York travel agency whose only responsibility was selecting and sending teams to the Olympic Games. Coming to life every four years, its members marched in front of U.S. athletes in the major capitals of the world - and then disappeared like the citizens of Brigadoon.

Its chief claim was that it was the only national Olympic committee not subsidized by its government. Between Olympics it had no contact with the nation's amateur athletes, and to raise money for its puny budget it virtually went door to door with its hand out. The image it projected was arrogance, pomposity and ineptitude.

But today, in this Rocky Mountain neighborhood, the USOC is a thriving corporation charged - by an act of Congress - with coordinating and developing all amateur sports in America, with particular emphasis on international competition. It seems to be doing the best job of training athletes this side of East Germany.

The new concern for current and future Olympians has even made the committee popular with many athletes. After decades of not focusing its Olympic effort under one organization and of operating with limited funds and interest, the United States finally seems to be on the right track at a time when a nation's political system is sometimes measured by how fast a young man can run 100 meters or a young woman can swim the backstroke. If large sums of money are to be spent in an attempt to buy gold medals, ideology is as good an excuse as any.

No Propaganda Tool

But to America's credit, sport is still not a propaganda tool or part of governmental foreign poli-cy. American kids are not plucked from school at the age of 7 or 8, ordered to special sports schools and turned into expert swimmers or gymnasts. The older ones who hone their skills at the USOC's invitation and expense are all volunteers. And although the costs are enormous, money to pay for the USOC's increased efforts to put the nation on its feet athletically still must be collect-

ed from individuals and corporations. The success of U.S. Olympic teams now depends on how efficiently the USOC carries out the mandate it got from the government three years

ago. It's an odd role for a group which, for 75 years, was as guilty as the next organization of the internecine warfare that blocked development of all but a few amateur sports. The Amateur Athletic Union and National Collegiate Athletic Association must share the blame. While the USOC was effectively isolated from

the process that produced most Olympic athletes, the nation still won a bundle of medals in the few sports that Americans concentrated on in colleges and in a handful of AAU clubs. To most Ame cans, the Olympics have meant track and field, swimming, boxing and basketball. But there are 21 summer Olympic sports. And they all count.

Postwar Changes

U.S. domination of the Summer Olympics began to slip when the Soviet Union entered a team at Helsinki in 1952. And by 1972. East Germany was a power. Things had changed: The United States was fast becoming No. 3 and it was apparent the USOC would have to improve its act, especially after several demoralizing committee athlete confrontations at Munich.

The result was a major restructuring job that moved F. Don Miller to the top as executive director and gave the athletes clout in making policy. Starting in 1973, athletes composed 20 percent of all policy-making committees, a rule that was put into the bylaws in 1978. There is no record that Socialist countries have gone that far.

favored the athlete 80 percent of the time — in 12 of 15 instances. Due process has come to amateur sports. Athletes must be informed of specific procedures used in the selection of teams; they cannot be deprived of a hearing; they may be represented by counsel.

Recalling the problems of Munich, Miller said, "We came off a very hard experience in many areas, so it was a chance to review, analyze and begin to restructure. It was apparent that we did not have effective communications with our ath-letes, so we provided the 20-percent rule. Why are we here? We have one purpose — to serve our athletes."

That was not always the case, of course, but today there is evidence that the USOC is succeeding. To better serve the athletes — both the elite and the inexperienced — it has established a so-phisticated sports-medicine program and is expanding its 38-acre training center that opened in 1977 to include a fieldhouse with six gymnasiums and an aquatic center.

The price of providing grass-roots development of amateur sport and aiding elite athletes is steep, and the USOC's budget rose faster than interest rates. For 1981-84, it's \$71.2 million, up about \$20 million over the preceding four years. When Miller joined the USOC in 1969 the budget was \$8.2

The Mexico City Olympics in 1968 cost the USOC \$6.8 million. By 1980 the forecast for Moscow was \$26 million. The USOC also makes direct grants to the 37 national governing bodies that supervise all sports in the Olympic and Pan-American Games. The grants have grown from \$75,000 to \$15.1 million in less than 20 years.

The USOC built its own 400-meter track for \$1.8 million; the fieldhouse, now under construc-tion, will cost \$4.5 million, and the swimming stadium is expected to come in at \$7.5 million.

USOC President William E. Simon is a volunteer, but Miller pays a staff of 70 to 75. The National Sports Festival, an Olympic-type competi-tion that the USOC considers a useful tool for motivating athletes, for evaluating medical staffers and coaches and for making the public aware of amateur sport, was once an expensive budget item — but is almost paying its own way today. The USOC lost only \$400,000 on the most recent one in Syracuse last July.

The Monthly Tab

About 800 athletes, the daily average, live off the USOC here while they are training. The cost for room and board per day per athlete is \$14.33. All things considered, the USOC is spending \$1.5 million a month.

It costs the USOC 36 cents to raise a dollar, 20 cents for soliciting and 16 cents for administra-tion. On the next budget the total cost is pegged at 29 cents.

Why did the United States wait so long to assist its athletes? There are two reasons, probably —
the remarkable inability of the country to speak, athletically, with one strong voice; and a shortage of money. There was no government handout. College athletes were subsidized in splendid

style and a few more subsisted on meager rations for AAU clubs. But the NCAA and AAU quarreled endlessly and childishly over who would sponsor what.

It took an act of Congress in November, 1978, to make the USOC the sole boss of amateur sport, whatever else the act says in almost three pages of fine print. The USOC, Miller says, is an organization of

organizations. Its membership encompasses all national governing bodies, the NCAA, national high school federations, the Jewish Welfare Board, the armed forces and the Catholic Youth Orgnization - groups that conduct national programs.

But what the USOC will need in 1984, more than a stadium full of athletes groomed to perfection by corporate contributions and biomechan-

NHL Standings

WALES CONFERENCE 7 6 8 60 56 1 5 5 37 46 Nagelson 3-Set Winner CAMPBELL CONFERENCE In U.S. Tennis Event From Agency Dispatches TOWSON, Md. — Betsy Nagel-sen defeated Susan Mascarin, 4-6, 6-0, 6-2, to win a women's professional tennis tournament here Sun-

day. Nagelsan advanced to the fi-nal when top-seeded Andrea Jaeger defaulted Saturday night because of illness. In Cologne, defending champion Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia

overpowered American Sandy Mayer, 6-3, 6-3, to win the Enropean Indoor tournament. And in Newport Beach, Calif., Neale Fraser of Australia defeated Alex Olmedo of Peru, 6-4, 5-7, 6-4, to win a Grand Masters tournament.

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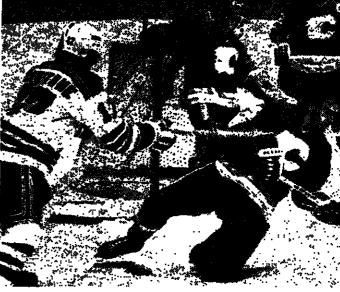
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Detroit 3, Vancouver 1 (Bialsdell (4), B. Smith (1), McCourt (5); Gradin (7)).
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Calgary defenseman Phil Russell dropped to the ice too late to prevent the Rangers' Ed Johnstone from beating goalie Pat Riggin from a sharp angle in Sunday night's 4-2 New York victory.

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WASHINGTON — Every time out. In three years you'll be lucky you pick up the newspaper, you see advertisements screaming the words "TAX FREE" at you. I'm not knocking it since the ads pay my salary, but it seems to me that with high interest rates and inflation, Americans are now trading in pieces of paper instead of

things.
The other day I got a call from my accountant who said, "I've got good news for you. If we give your bank 5,000 pieces of paper, it will give you

almost 6,000 in six Buchwald "I saw an advertisement the other day that said if I gave a savings and loan institution 5,000 pieces it would give me 6,000 piec-

es and a toaster." "Big deal. The toaster probably cost them three pieces of paper."
"But I could use the toaster more than the paper," I told him.

"Look, if you don't want to go for the bank's deal. I can get you into a money fund which will pay 7,000 pieces of paper for every 5,000 you give them, unless the interest rates go down."

"Why can't I take the 5,000 pieces of paper and put them down on

Because an automobile wears

Ancient Manual Fetches \$225,000

NEW YORK — A 15th-century Italian handbook on health, illustrated with 132 miniature paintings depicting everything from sex to spaghetti-making, was sold for \$225,000.

New York rare book dealer Hans P. Kraus placed the winning bid for the northern Italy manu-script, titled "The Tacuinum Sani-

Another manuscript sold for \$145,000 to a bidder representing the Bibliothèque Nationale in Par-is. It was a 15th-century northern France version of the chivalric tale, "The Romance of the Rose."

to get 900 pieces of paper for it." Yeah, but you can't get around

town on a piece of paper.' Believe me, this is no time to get out of paper. If you don't want to put your money in notes, put it in stock. It's more of a gamble, but it's still paper.

'What kind of stock?" "There is a company called A&C that is rumored to be buying out the P&Q Company. The buyers have offered 65 pieces of A&C paper for each P&Q certificate, which is only worth 30. If you buy, and the deal goes through, you'll make a paper profit of 35 certificates."

"What does the A&C Company do?"

"Who knows!" "Is the P&Q Company making any money?"

"No. That's why A&C wants to buy it. You see, P&Q had a bad year and has huge tax losses. A&C had a good year and made a lot of profits. So, if it buys the losing company, A&C will be able to offset its profits against P&Q's losses, and then it won't have to pay any taxes to the government."

"Sounds like a good deal. Would it be all right to buy a dishwasher this fall? Ann says the other one is falling apart."

"This is no time to buy a dishwasher. I need all your cash to put into an All-Savers account so you can get tax-free interest." Great. But what do we do with

all the dirty dishes?" "Let them pile up until the loan rates go down."

"I don't think Ann's going to like that.' "She will when you show it to her on paper."

"My wife was never much for paper. She likes to buy things like chairs and lamps and clothes."

"Most of my clients' wives are like that and, believe me, it doesn't make my life any easier. But you just have to hang tough and explain that the more pieces of paper you can put away right now, the less you'll have to worry about your future."

"What do I give my grandchildren for Christmas?" "How about some nice, safe municipal bonds?

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The Stilled Voice George London's Battle to Survive

Constellation of Opera Stars to Honor

By Lon Tuck

Washington Past Service
WASHINGTON — Nineteen-sixty was a spectacularly good year for George London - widely regarded as one of

the finest singers of the century. That year he broke the ice of the Cold War by singing brilliantly that most grueling, and Russian, of roles — Boxis Godunov — at the temple of Russian culture, the Bolshoi. He was the only non-Russian ever to do so. He once described that tri-

umph: "As I slowly came into view of the audience, I was greeted with waves of applause, and suddenly all nervousness vanished. From that moment until the end of the performance, I was in a state of complete exphoria."

This year, though, has not been a good one for London, now 61, nor is it likely that there are any good ones to come. For more than four years, London has been the victim of severe brain damage suffered when a cardiac arrest ended his career while he was touring Germany as head of the Washington Opera.

On Wednesday, the most daz-zling array of operatic talent ever assembled for a single event in this benefit-crazed city will join ranks for a "Gala Tribute to George London" that will be filmed for broadcast on the U.S. PBS TV network next spring and recorded for commercial release by RCA. The benefit will take place at the Kennedy Center, where London once served as artistic administrator.

Joan Sutherland will sing Mey-erbeer. Marilyn Horne will sing "Danny Boy." Shirley Verrett will sing "Ritorna Vincitor" from "Aida." Nicolai Gedda will sing Tchaikovsky. Leonie Rysane will sing "Dich teure Halle" from "Tannhanser." Evelyn Lear will sing "Vilja" from "The Merry Widow."

Beverly Sills will preside. James Levine, the Met's music director, will accompany, as will Julius Rudel, Sills' predecessor as head of the New York City Opera. The money goes to a new or-ganization founded in August, the Opera Singers Disability Fund, which will contribute to manent institution for the help of

Until now, the London family has kept the extent of London's disability and the enormous expense of his treatment a private matter. Insurance has taken care of his rehabilitation therapy, but even the resources of so famous an operatic star have been taxed by the cost of the round-theclock nurses that are necessary if he is to remain at home in Armonk, N.Y.

But in a recent interview Nora London, his wife of 26 years, spoke about the ordeal of the last four years. "His case is sort of unique, be-

cause at one time very few people survived something like this, but now more and more people do, and it's sad . . You know, among other things, he's basically unable to speak. He does say 'yes' and 'no' and he calls me, and he says a few things. I speak to him all the time about this event which we have coming up, and I will say Rysanek will sing this and Tatiana [Troyanos] will sing this and Carol [Neble will sing that, and do you think that's right and he will say 'yes.' And he will say 'no' when he doesn't like it. And I say things to him again and again because you don't know how much immediate memory he has. He obviously has memories of the past perfectly."

George London was a major Mozart and Wagner singer. In addition to being a fine actor and a superb stylist, he brought to roles like Don Giovanni, the Fly-ing Dutchman and the Count in "The Marriage of Figaro" a tense, dark and sometimes mys-terious sound that none of his contemporaries quite matched. Boris Godunov

He made his debut as George Burnson in 1941, singing Dr. Grenvil in "La Traviata" at the Hollywood Bowl. By 1947, he was George London and was touring what he called "practical-ly-every town in America" with the Bel Canto Trio. He was the bass baritone; the soprano was Frances Yeend, who went on to the Met; and the tenor was a fellow named Mario Lanza, whose future would turn out to be in



Triumph in Moscow, 1960.

London finally decided that his best opportunity would be in Europe. His debut was an auspi-cious one, with the Vienna Opera as Amonasro in "Aida," and before the year was out he was a sensation as Boris in Vienna. The Boris of Mussorgsky and Pushkin was his favorite role, and had been ever since as a child be sat around playing by the hour the recordings of Feodor Chaliapin, the most famous of all Bouses.

There seems something preordained about the circumstances under which George and Nora Sheldon met in 1954 at the New York home of the Chaliapin family, after he had been singing Boris" at the Met. Nora was the daughter of a prominent Russian family that, like the Chaliapins, left Russia after the revolution and ended up in New York be-cause of World War IL

Last week at the Kennedy Center, her face still youthful and her voice vibrant, and apologizing for her undetectable ac-cent, Nora London described the meeting: "My mother and Chaliapin's daughter were very, very close and I had known them all my life. And every Russian Easter they had a big buffet and a

celebration. George and Leo Taubman [his accompanist] were at the buffet and George was eating caviar, which he loves above everything else. And Leo went to George and said, and this is the way George always told it, 'Go see this dish that just came in.' I know that's terrible to say about myself, but that was so many years ago." They were married in Europe about a year later.

Wieland Wagner

One of Nora London's earliest and fondest memories of those days in Europe is of Wieland Wagner, whose abstract, modernistic settings of his grandfather's operas at Bayreuth blazed the most important path of postwar opera design. The anti-Semitic history of the

Wagners was no bar to the friendship of the Londons, both of whom were Jewish, with Wieland, who died in 1966. "Wieland made it known that he was strongly anti-Nazi. Of course, he had met Hitler at Bayreuth and he had no choice but to join the Hitler Youth And of course his strongly pro-Nazi mother was no longer a part of things by then." George London was especially

qualified to understand the problems of singers, because his own voice started to fail in the mid-1960s. He consulted doctors around the world, but the mystery was never solved. For a while he continued to sing. He stopped in 1967. "He took the decision himself," his wife recalled "I didn't say anything. And one day we were in Switzer land and he came and said Tm not going to sing anymore.'

Soon afterward he became the Kennedy Center's first artistic administrator, served for five years as president of the American Guild of Musical Artists, ran the American Opera Institute and took over the Washington Opera in 1975. After London first fell into a

coma, the Londons moved from Washington to Westchester County. London's condition has been progressing slowly. "The prognosis is not optimis-," said Nora London. "It can take 10 years, and it may never

- But, on the other hand, he's

done so many things that every-body said he'd never do."

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PEOPLE: Teacher Spiess Solos
Pacific in 10-Foot Boat

Schoolteacher Gerry Spiess said the run was "the experience of sailed his tiny 10-foot (3-mener) a lifetime."

Yankee Girl into Sydney harbor, completing a 7,800-mile, fivemonth voyage across the Pacific from the United States. The boat, home-made in Spiess' garage at White Bear Lake, Minn. and veteran of a previous trip across the Atlantic, was the smallest vessel ever to make the hazardous voyage. Spiess, 40, declared as he stepped ashore on wobbly legs that he would never do it again. "This is my last single-handed sail," he said. "Good," said his wife, Sally, who had last seen her husband in Honolulu, one of the five ports of call Spiess made.

Richard Burton is to portray composer Richard Wagner in an television biography to be released in 1983 for the centenary of the German composer's death. The British producers said Vanessi Redgrave is considering an offer to play the composer's second wife.
Cosima Wagner, while Daphne
Wagner, the composer's greatgranddaughter, will play Princess
Metternich. Sir George Solti and
the Vienna Philharmonic will prothe Vienna Philharmonic will provide the music, along with a cast of singers including British soprano Gwyneth Jones and East German heldentenor Peter Hoffman. Acresidential research signed include Sir Ralph Richardson, who plays one of King Ludwig II's ministers, and Irish actress Gemma Craven as Wagner's first wife, Minna. The eight-hour production will cost £4 illion (\$7.5 million). "It's been three years in the planning and shooting starts next January," said a spokesman for the independent British producers, London Trust Cultural Productions Ltd.

Puffing and wheezing amid spurts of smoke, a record 270 vintage autos crossed the finish line at Brighton in the annual London-to-Brighton Run for pre-1905 cars. But the prize was carried off by a 1898 motor-assisted tricycle ridden by John Bentley of West Yorkshire in two hours, 50 minutes. Organiz-ers said the estimated two million spectators who lined the the 53mile route from Hyde Park in central London to the Brighton seafront in clear fall weather Sonday also was a record. In second place was a 1901 Decauville driven by John Welsh of Dummow, Essex. Breezing along in an 1899 Wolse-ley, former Grand Prix racing champion Jackle Ickx of Belgium,

An enterprising electrician from Katowice, Poland, has conquered the world's fifth highest peak Mount Makalu, alone, according to a report by his team's leader to the Nepalese tourism ministry Jerzy Knikoczka, 33. who scaled Mount Everest, the world's highest peak, in 1980, reached the 8,475. meter (27,805-foot) summit Oct. 15 after climbing alone for four days.
He had set out with Wolciech Kin.
tyka, 34, of Krakow, and Alex
MacIntyre 27, of Manchester, Eng.
land. But Kurtyka, who was lead. ing the group, gave up with slight frostbite and MacIntyre abandoned the attempt because of the difficult route above 7,900 meters (25,900 feet).

Moshe Dayan left his prized archaeological collection of ancient Israelite artifacts to his wife Re chel along with his house and personal fortune, according to a fac-simile of his will published in the daily Yedioth Ahronoth. Dayan often spent his leisure time on private digging expeditions, and was almost killed in 1968 when a cave collapsed on him. His hobby was also a source of controversy. Critics accused Dayan of breaking the law by taking artifacts that abould have gone to the state. Dayan claimed he only dug up relies that otherwise would have been lost through neglect. Dayan died Oct. 16.

The temperature was close to 90 and a brushfire was burning near Chatsworth, but the hottest spot in southern California Sunday was at Hollywood Park, scene of the World Champion Chili Cookoff Fred Drexel, 42, a telephone system salesman from Van Nuya, Calif., brought the trophy back to the Golden State with his recipe for Butterfield Stageline Chir for Butterfield Stagenne can Drexel, who had been working on the recipe a year, was one of 60 cooks vying for the \$20,000 fm prize. Carroll Shelby founded the annual event 15 years ago in Termonet to South. lingua. Texas. It moved to South ern California six years ago and now raises money for the Motion Picture Home, a hospital and as-tirement residence for entertainment industry members.

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